The Columbian.

VOL. I.—NO. 51. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1867. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Bloomsburg Business Directory

STOVES AND TINWARE.

J. [illegible] dealer in stoves & tinware, Main [illegible] court house. vl-n49

A. M. RUTTER, stoves and tinware, Rutter [illegible] Main st., east of Market. vl-n49

CLOTHING, &c.

D. LOWENBERG, fashionable tailor, Main st., 2d door above American house. vl-n44

J. W. CHEMBERLIN, wholesale and retail dealer in ready-made clothing, Hartman's building, Main street. vl-n41

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

L. N. MOYER, druggist and apothecary. Exchange block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n47

E. [illegible] druggist and apothecary. Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n47

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

R. CATHCART, watch and clock maker, Market st., below Main. vl-n45

LOUIS BERNHARD, watch and clock maker, near southeast corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, Main st., nearly opposite American house. vl-n3

BOOTS AND SHOES.

C. M. BROWN, boot and shoemaker, Main street opposite American house. vl-n43

A. SOLLEDER, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, Main st., opposite Episcopal church. vl-n43

HENRY KLEIM, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries etc., East Bloomsburg Main st. vl-n43

DAVID RITZ, boot and shoemaker, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market street. vl-n43

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. R. F. Kinney surgeon dentist, teeth extracted without pain. Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. vl-n46

J. B. McKELVY, M. D. surgeon and physician south side Main st., below Market. vl-n44

J. R. EVANS, M. D. surgeon and physician south side Main st., below Market. vl-n44

J. C. RUTTER, M. D. surgeon and Physician, Market st., above Main. vl-n44

DR. H. C. HOWER, surgeon dentist, Main st., above court house. vl-n44

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Ramsey building, Main st. vl-n43

MISS A. D. WEBB, fancy goods, notions, books stationery, north side Main street below Market. vl-n43

E. PETERMAN, millinery and fancy goods opposite Episcopal church, Main st. vl-n43

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, ladies cloaks and dress patterns, southeast corner Main and west st. vl-n45

MRS. M. B. FURMAN, milliner, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market st. vl-n47

THE MISSES HARMAN millinery and fancy goods, Main street, just below American house vl-n44

MISS M. DERRICKSON, millinery and fancy goods Main st., opposite Court House. vl-n41

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

J. JACOBS, oyster and eating saloon, American House, Main st., Baltzer Leacock superintendent. vl-n46

WOMELSDORF & LACOLEY, confectionary, bakery, oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block, Main st. vl-n3

FOX & WEBB, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Main st., Centre Town. vl-n3

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by J. F. CASLOW, Main st., opposite court house. vl-n

AMERICAN HOUSE, by JOHN LEACOCK, Main st., west of Iron street. vl-n

FOWLER HOTEL, by G. W. MAUGER, east end Main st. vl-n

B. STOHNER, refreshment saloon, Main st., below court house. vl-n

J. F. CASLOW, refreshment saloon, Exchange hotel, Lawson Caslow, superintendent vl-n

W. H. GILLMORE, refreshment saloon, Shive's block south side Main st. vl-n

MERCHANTS, GROCERS, &c.

E. JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries &c. No. 1 st. above Court House, vl-n46

C. H. MILLER, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, fish, notions, etc., Exchange block, Main street, vl-n46

MCKELVY NEAL & Co., dealers in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n46

A. J. SLOAN, dealer in choice dry goods, Hosiery goods, fresh groceries, etc., etc. Main st., opposite court house vl-n47

J. K. EYER, groceries and general merchandise Main st., above West. vl-n42

H. C. HOWER, hats and caps, boots and shoes, Main st., above court house. vl-n41

L. T. SHARPLESS, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, etc., Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n47

C. C. MAHL, dry goods and notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n45

J. J. BROWER, dry goods, groceries, etc., northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n45

REV. A. HARTMAN, dry goods, notions, and groceries, Main st., opposite Episcopal church. vl-n42

H. HUNSBERGER, agent, groceries, tobacco, and confectionary, Main st., below American house. vl-n43

D. A. BECKLEY, Keystone shoe store, books and stationery, southwest corner Market and Main sts. vl-n43

WILLIAM ERASMUS, confectionaries, Main st., just above court house. vl-n43

E. MENDENHALL, general stock of merchandise and lumber, corner of Main street and Berwick road. vl-n42

J. J. ROBBINS, dealer in dry goods groceries etc., Shive's block, Main st., below Iron vl-n42

J. K. GIRTON, Groceries & Provisions, southeast corner Main and Iron Streets. vl-n41

MISCELLANEOUS.

BLOOMSBURG LUMBER CO., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber, of all kinds, planing mill near the rail-road. vl-n46

W. J. RIDLEMAN, saddle and harness maker, near southwest corner Main and Market st. vl-n46

C. W. SNYDER, hardware, cutlery, guns, etc., Main st., below Iron. vl-n43

A. WITMAN, marble works, near southwest corner Main and Market sts. vl-n47

G. W. CORELL, furniture rooms, three story brick on Main st., west of Market st. vl-n45

R. H. RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, and G. W. Carell's furniture rooms vl-n 7

E. J. THORNTON, wall paper, window shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. vl-n

T. H. MASTERS, agent for Grover & Baker's sewing machine, Main st., Hartman's building, up stairs. vl-n47

H. ROSENSTOCK, photographer, Exchange block, Main st., opposite court house. vl-n43

J. F. BROADT, photographer, Hartman's building northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n47

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n42

N. W. BARTON, tobacconist and dealer in stove coal Main st., opposite court house. vl-n48

W. PEACOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

JOHN A. FUNSTON, mutual and cash rates fire insurance company, northeast corner Main and West st. vl-n46

GEORGE HASSERT, manufacturer and repairer of threshing machines, Chemberlin's alley near Sharpless' foundry. vl-n49

I. S. KUHN, dealer in meat tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, back of American house. vl-n48

J. B. PURSELL, saddle, trunk and harness maker, Main st., below court house. vl-n36

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. vl-n2

STEPHEN KNORR, Blacksmith, North-west corner of Main and West Streets. vl-n35

G. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and fancy Tanner, Scottown, vl-n4

Orangeville Directory.

DR. C. A. MEGARGEL, physician and surgeon, Main st., next door to Goad's Hotel. vl-n47

BUCK HOTEL and refreshment saloon, by Israel Mumma, corner of Main and Pine sts. vl-n

SWAN HOTEL, the upper house by John Snyder, Main st., above Pine. vl-n6

D. R. SLOAN, dealer in dry goods, groceries, lumber and general Merchandise Main st. vl-n47

THOMAS BUCKLE, saddle and Harness maker Main st., above the Swan Hotel. vl-n6

J. [illegible] dealer in stoves etc., Main st., above the Swan Hotel. vl-n1

SAMUEL EVERETT, Druggist & Apothecary, Main Street. vl-n

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant tailor and Gent's furnishing goods, Main St., next door to the Catch hotel. vl-n

M. S. HAYHURST, Clocks, Watches and Guns repaired. Guns and Watches for sale, Main St., below Pine. vl-n6

JAMES R. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker, and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine. vl-n

MICHAEL C. KELLER, Confectionery, Oysters &c., &c., on Pine St., between Main and Mill. vl-n47

H. H. & C. KELCHNER, Blacksmiths, on Mill Street, near Pine. vl-n47

WILLIAM DELONG, Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine vl-n6

ELIAS SNYDER, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street. vl-n47

ADAM SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist, and Manufacturer of plows, Mill St. vl-n47

MILES A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tanners and Manufacturers of Leather, Mill Street. vl-n47

JOHN KELLER, Boot and Shoemaker, Pine Street, opposite the Academy vl-n6

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main Street, below Pine. vl-n6

SAMUEL M. PRENTISS, Veterinary Surgeon at the Brick Hotel, corner of Main and Pine Sts. vl-n47

Light Street Directory.

PETER ENT, dealer in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., Light street. vl-n45

H. WHITMIRE, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes. vl-n6

J. TERWILLIGER, Cabinetmaker, Undertaker and Chairmaker. vl-n6

F. P. KELLEY, Blacksmith, opposite post office. vl-n6

F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above school house. vl-n6

MRS. E. KLINE, millinery and fancy goods. vl-n45

J. W. SANKEY, dealer in Leather, Hides, Bark, etc. Cash paid for Hides vl-n46

W. M. ENT, dealer in stoves and tin ware in all its branches. vl-n46

Jersey Town Directory.

ANDREW MADISON, dealer in dry goods, groceries, grain, lumber etc., Jerseytown vl-n46

JACOB A. SWISHER, dealer in Hides, Leather, Bark etc, Madison township Columbia county pa. vl-n6

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

LONG POND HOTEL.

The undersigned having leased and refurnished in good style the above well-known House invite

AMONG THE MOUNTAINS

the lovers of Columbia and adjoining counties—and of the lovers of romantic and healthful regions of Nature, in this locality—pleased to accommodate visitors and sojourners.

WITH THEIR FAMILIES.

The Pond and streams are well stocked with excellent fish of many kinds including

TROUT AND FIKE,

on boats in good order will be kept for the accommodation and ablest assistance of guests, while driving or hunting parties needs to pick from both. Stock & Water when in

SEVERAL MILES IN EXTENT.

accompanied by an extensive Forest, there is also to the house also a special field for the over-zealous sports, and excuse with his

DOG AND GUN.

His larder will be always provided with the luxuries of the season; and his bar stocked with the choicest. The House is large and commodious, the building is of modern date.

The House is reached from several points of the Bloomsburg & Lackawanna Railroad; and is specially a place to pass the hot months of summer.

B. R. HAYHURST.

May 17, 1867-tm.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

The undersigned having purchased this well-known and extensively-located house, the Exchange Hotel, situated in Bloomsburg, Pa., in the immediately opposite the Columbia County Court House, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general that his house is now in order for the reception and entertainment of travellers who may be disposed to favor it with their custom. He has spared no expense in preparing the Exchange for the entertainment of his guests, and will spare no pains to do anything and everything in his power to minister to their personal comfort. His house is spacious, and enjoys an excellent business position.

Omnibuses run at all times between the Exchange Hotel and the various railroad depots, by which travellers will be pleasantly conveyed to and from the respective stations in due time to meet the cars. JOHN F. CASLOW.

Bloomsburg, March 22, 1867.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

BY

BERNARD STOHNER.

HAVING lately purchased and fitted up the well-known Robison Hotel Property, located a FEW ROOMS ABOVE THE COURT HOUSE, on the same side of the street, in the town of Bloomsburg; and having obtained a license for the same as a

RESTAURANT,

the Proprietor has determined to give to the people visiting the town on business or pleasure,

A LITTLE MORE ROOM.

His stabling also is extensive, and is fitted up to put buggies and carriages in the dry. He promises that everything about his establishment shall be conducted in an orderly and lawful manner; and he respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. may17'67-tm.

FORK'S HOTEL,

GEORGE W. MAUGER, Proprietor.

The above well-known hotel has recently undergone radical changes in its internal arrangements, and its proprietor announces to his former custom and the travelling public that his accommodations for the comfort of his guests are second to none in the country. His table will always be found supplied, not only with substantial food, but with all the delicacies of the season. His wines and liquors (except that popular beverage known as "Mc-Henry") purchased direct from the importing houses, are entirely pure, and free from all poisonous drugs. He is thankful for a liberal patronage in the past, and will continue to deserve it in the future. GEORGE W. MAUGER.

THE SWAN HOTEL,

[THE UPPER HOUSE.]

ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA CO., PA.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken the above well known House of Entertainment, and will be pleased to receive the custom of all who will favor him with a call.

HE WILL KEEP A GOOD TABLE,

Bar well stocked with the best of Liquors, and every effort will be made to render entire satisfaction. JOHN SNYDER.

Orangeville, Pa., March 15, 1867-tm.

EXCHANGE SALOON,

The Proprietor of the Exchange Saloon has now on hand a large stock of

SUMMER REFRESHMENTS,

consisting of

SPICED OYSTERS, SARDINES, TRIPE, BOLOGNA, BEEF TONGUE, BOILED EGGS, SWEITZER CHEESE.

LAGER BEER, ALE, &C.

COME ONE, COME ALL AND SEE. &c.

LAWSON CALMAN, Superintendent.

Bloomsburg, May 3, 1867.

THE ESPY HOTEL,

ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken the above well known House of Entertainment, and will be pleased to receive the custom of all who will favor him with a call.

HE WILL KEEP A GOOD TABLE,

a Bar well stocked with the best of Liquors, and every effort will be made to render entire satisfaction. WM. RUMLEY.

Espy, Pa., April 12, 1867.

EVERY Customer may be sure of a Good Fit or no sale at CHEMBERLIN'S Clothing store. vl-n6

THE COLUMBIAN,

A Democratic Newspaper

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING AT

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

THE principles of this paper are of the Jeffersonian School of politics. Those principles will never be compromised, yet courtesy and kindness shall not be forgotten in discussing them, whether with individuals, or with contemporaries of the Press. Our unity, happiness, and prosperity of the country is our aim and object; and as the means to secure that, we shall labor honestly and earnestly for the harmony, success and growth of our organization.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—Two dollars a year if paid in advance. If not paid in advance two dollars and fifty cents will be invariably charged.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:—One square (ten lines or less) one or three insertions $1,50; each subsequent insertion 50 cents.

SPACE.	1M.	2M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One square	$2,00	$3,00	$4,00	$6,00	$10,00
Two squares	3,00	5,00	6,00	9,00	14,00
Three squares	5,00	7,00	8,00	12,00	18,00
Four squares	6,00	8,00	10,00	14,00	20,00
Half column	10,00	12,00	15,00	20,00	30,00
One column	15,00	18,00	20,00	30,00	60,00

Executor's and Administrator's Notice $3,00; Auditor's Notice $2,50. Other advertisements inserted according to special contract.

Business notices, without advertisement, twenty cents per line.

Transient advertisements payable in advance; all others due after the first insertion.

☞ It is, in all cases, more likely to be satisfactory, both to subscribers and to the Publishers, that remittances and all communications respecting the business of the paper, be sent direct to the office of publication. All letters, whether relating to the editorial or business concerns of the paper, and all payments for subscriptions, advertising, or jobbing, are to be made to and addressed

BROCKWAY & FREEZE,

"Columbian Office,"

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Printed at Robison's Buildings, near the Court House, by CHAS. M. VANDERSLICE, FRANK R. SNYDER.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office.

M. M. L'VELLE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Ashland, Schuylkill County, Penn'a.

M. E. JACKSON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Berwick, Columbia County, Penn'a.

M. M. TRAUGH,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Berwick, Columbia County, Penn'a.

WILLIAM H. ABBOTT,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

CENTRALIA, PA.

C. W. MILLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office with E. H. Little, in brick building adjoining Post Office. ☞ Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. [apr26'67.

JOHN G. FREEZE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Office in Register and Recorder's office, in the basement of the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT F. CLARK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Office corner of Main and Market streets, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Office on Main street, in brick building below the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

☞ OFFICE—Court House Alley, below the Columbian Office. Jan'66.

J. B. ROBISON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

Office in Unangst's Building, Main street, West of the American House. [my24'67.

LOUIS BERNHARD

Would inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he is now prepared to do all kinds of plating, silver or gold. Dec1'67.

AUCTIONEER.

MOSES COFFMAN,

Having followed the profession of Public Vendue Crier for many years, would inform his friends that he is still in the field, ready and willing to attend to all the duties of his calling. Persons desiring his services should call or write to him at Bloomsburg, Pa. [mar8'67.

DR. W. H. BRADLEY,

(Late Assistant Medical Director U. S. Army.)

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

☞ Office at the house opposite Shive's Block, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Calls promptly attended to both night and day.

Bloomsburg, Jan. 18, 1867.

S. C. SHIVE,

CABINET MAKER,

AND MANUFACTURER BY STEAM OF

SASH, BLINDS, DOORS,

SHUTTERS, MOULDINGS,

WINDOW FRAMES, &C.

MAIN STREET,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

June 28, 1867.

S. C. COLLINS,

FASHIONABLE

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING

AND

SHAMPOOING SALOON,

over Wollmyer & Jacoby's Ice Cream Saloon,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hair Dyeing and Whiskers colored black or brown. Bald Heads receive immediate attention, and by applying the hair will restore hair to its original color without soiling the finest fabric, constantly on hand. [apr12'67.

M. ARTMAN. C. B. DILLINGER. E. B. HARMAN.

ARTMAN, DILLINGER & CO.,

NO. 226 NORTH THIRD STREET,

(Nearly opposite James, Kent, Justice & Co.)

Wholesale Dealers in

YARNS, BATTING, WADDING, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, SHADES, FLY NETS, GRAIN BAGS, CORDAGE, &C. ALSO, WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE, BRUSHES, TUBS, BROOMS, LOOKING GLASSES, ETC.

May 10 1867-ly.

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,

TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGAR

MANUFACTORY,

No. 515 NORTH THIRD STREET,

Second Door below Wood,

PHILADELPHIA.

J. W. WARTMAN. H. P. ENGELMAN.

OVER Coats Cheap at CHEMBERLINS' Clothing store. vl-n6

Choice Poetry.

THE DEVIL'S DELIGHT.

To breakfast one morning the Devil came down
By demons and vassals attended;
A headache had darkened his brow with a frown,
From his orgie last night, or the weight of his crown,
But his presence infernal was splendid,

In a robe of red flame was diavolo dress'd,
Without smatch of a cinder to soil it;
Blue blazes enveloped his throat and his chest,
While the tail, tied with ribbons as blue as his vest,
Completed his Majesty's toilet.

No masquerade devil of earth could begin,
With his comic relief beens and his mock trial
To look like his model, Original Sin
As of lava and lightning and bitters and gin.
He sat and compounded a cocktail.

But to give, in all conscience, the Devil his due
He seemed a shrewd father than brute;
And his Majesty moped all the afternoon through
With a twitch, now and then, of the ribbons of blue,
And the look of a patient pirate.

Then a smile such as follows some capital joke
Of a Dickens, a Hood, or a Jerrold,
Sweet, playful, and tender, all suddenly broke
O'er the face of Sathanas, as turning he spoke,
"Go, imp! bring the file of the Herald!"

The Papers were brought, and Old Nick ran his eye
(In default of debates in the Senate)
Over crimes—there were plenty—of terrible dye,
Over letter and telegram, slander and lie,
And the blatherskite leaders of Bennett.

There were frauds in high places, official deceit;
There were sins—we'll not name them—of ladies;
There were Mexican murders, and murders in Crete,
By the thousand—all manner of villainies sweet
To the Herald's subscribers in Hades.

But the numberless horrors of every degree
Did not wholly dispel his dejection;
"The Herald's a horse—I'm aweary," says he,
Then uprising, he added, "What's this? "Tennessee."
By jingo! here's Brownlow's election!

"Ho, there! fill up till the beaker runs o'er!"
Cried the Devil, growing joyous and frisky
A white hot terruginous goblet he bore,
And the liquor was vitriol "straight," which he swore
Was less hurtful than tangle-foot whisky.

"Fill up! let us drink," said the Father of Lies
"To the mortal whose claims are most weighty!"
And a light diabolic shone out of his eyes
That made the thermometer instantly rise
To fully five thousand and eighty.

"I have knights of the garter and knights of the lance,
Who shall surely hereafter for sin burn:
I have writers of history, ethics, romance,
In England, America, Germany, France,
And a goy little poet in Swinburne.

"Reformers, who go in for infinite smash;
The widows' and orphans' oppressor;
D. D.'s by the dozen, whose titles are trash,
To be written with two little d's and a dash:
And many a Father Confessor.

"And besides all the hypocrites," chuckled the Devil,
"Who serve me with Ave and Credo,
I have tyrants that murder, commanders that steal,
Dahomey, Mouravieff, Butler, O'Neill,
Thad. Stevens, Joe Holt, Escobedo.

"But the man of all others the most to my mind,
The dearest terrestrial creature,
Is the blaspheming priest and the tyrant combined
Who mocks at his Maker and curses his kind,
In the garb of political preacher.

"And so long as of Darkness I'm absolute prince
From its praise there shall be no deduction.
While e acts a most exquisite malice evince,
And whose government furnishes excellent hints
Opportunely for HELL'S RECONSTRUCTION."

Then the Fiend, with a laugh that no language may tell,
Drained his cup, in shaking his crown to a wave,
And "Hip, Hip!" and a hoist-rous yell
Went round till the nethermost confines of Hell
Re-echoed "Three cheers for old Brownlow!"

A GENTLEMAN who was about to travel on a French railroad, had, at the time of entering the car, an unlighted cigar in his mouth. Observing that there was a lady in the compartment, he was about to replace the cigar in his case, when, lo! from the lady's feet there arose a fierce dog in a threatening attitude. At the same time the lady snatched the cigar from the gentleman's mouth and threw it out of the window, with the remark: "I dislike smokers; they make me ill." The gentleman, with a polite bow, rejoined: "I do not like dogs, they annoy me." Then, seizing the animal by the back of the neck, he pitched him after the cigar.

CROWDING A BACHELOR.—"What did you come here after?" inquired Miss Susan Draper, of a bachelor friend who made her a call when the rest of the folks were gone out.

"I came to borrow some matches," he meekly replied.

"Matches! that's a likely story. Why don't you make a match? I know what you came for," exclaimed the delighted Miss as she crowded the old bachelor into a corner, "you came to hug and kiss me almost to death, but you shan't unless you are the strongest, and the Lord knows you are."

AN Irishman who had left his native country and sought an asylum in America because it was the land of liberty, was attacked on his first arrival, in December, by a furious mastiff. He stooped to pick up a stone to defend himself, but the stone was frozen fast. "By my soul," says Pat, "what a swate country, where the dogs are let loose and the stones tied fast."

"SIR," said one of two antagonists, with great dignity, to the other, during a dispute which had not been confined to words, "you have called me a liar and a scoundrel; you have spit in my face; you have struck me twice. I hope you will not rouse the sleeping lion in my breast, for if you should, I cannot tell what may be the consequences."

REV. J. F. CLARK illustrates the need of brevity and point in addresses to children, by a story of a clergyman who wearied a little girl by his long sermon, and as he gathered himself for a new assault, she cried out. Oh, mother! he is'nt going to stop at all; he is swelling up again!"

THE Capitol building at Washington, it is stated, originally cost about $1,400,000. The additions, alterations and extensions of this building, which are now nearly complete, it is estimated will cost $12,000,000.

"SISTER," said one of the brethren at a love feast, "are you happy?" "Yes, deacon, I feel as though I was in Beelzebub's bosom." "Not in Beelzebub's bosom!" "Well, in some one of the patriarchs, I don't care which."

Select Tale.

THE STORY OF THE THREE WONDERFUL COMPANIONS.

A BOHEMIAN FAIRY LEGEND.

[FROM ONCE A WEEK.]

THERE was once a king, who was very old and had only one son. One day he called his son and said:

"My dear son, thou knowest that ripe fruit falls in order to make room for other. My head is growing grievously day by day, and perhaps ere long the sun will shine on it no more; but before I die I would gladly behold my future daughter, thy wife. Take to thyself a wife my son."

And the prince answered:

"Gladly, O, my father! would I fulfill thy wish, but I have as yet no bride. I know not one."

The king then thrust his hand into his pocket, and drew therefrom a golden key, which he gave to his son, saying:

"Go up into the highest room in the tower, and when thou art there, cast thy eyes around thee and tell me which of the brides which thou shalt there see pleases thee most."

The prince departed immediately. He had never before been in the tower, and knew not what was there to be seen.

When he had reached the highest chamber but one, he beheld on the ceiling a small iron door like a lid, and it was locked; but he unlocked it with the golden key, lifted it up, and went in through it.

There was a large round room, the roof of which was as blue as the sky on a clear Winter's night, and silver stars glittered upon it. The floor was covered with a green silken carpet, and the room had twelve high windows in golden frame-work; in each window a virgin was painted on crystal glass in the loveliest rainbow colors, with a royal crown on her head, and in each window was also another upon a different ground, but each was more beautiful than the other, so that the prince was quite dazzled. And as he was gazing on them in full astonishment, not knowing which to choose, the lovely figures began to move like living beings, and looked toward him and smiled upon him as if they wished to speak.

Then the prince saw that one of the windows was concealed by a white curtain, which he drew aside in order to see what was behind it.

There stood a virgin dressed in white, with a silver girdle round her waist and a crown of pearls upon her head. She was the loveliest of all, but sad and pale as if she had risen from the grave. The prince stood long gazing on the figure, and seemed like one in a dream, and while he was thus looking at her his heart was sorely grieved, and he said, "Her alone will I choose, and no other." And as soon as he had spoken these words the virgin bent her head, and a red rue like that of a rose spread over her cheeks. At the same moment, all the other figures vanished.

After he had left the tower and returned to the king, his father, he told him all that he had seen, and which of the virgins he had chosen. Then the old king was filled with sorrow, but in a moment he raised his head and said:

"Thou hast chosen ill, my son, and done wrong in uncovering that which was concealed. Thou wilt also meet with great dangers for the words thou hast spoken. This virgin is in the power of a wicked magician, imprisoned within an iron castle, and none of those who have gone to set her free have ever returned to their homes again."

The prince now departed from the king, his father, and rode forth toward the iron castle that he might obtain his bride. When he had got a long way on his journey he came to a dense wood and rode into it until at length he lost his way. And as he was wandering through the wood and amongst rocks, not knowing which way to turn, he heard a voice behind him shout:

"Halloa, there! stop!"

The prince turned round and beheld a very tall man who was hastening toward him.

"Wait and take me with you," said the voice. "If you take me into your service you will never have cause to repent it."

"Who art thou?" cried the prince; "and what can'st thou do?"

"I am called Longbody and can stretch out my limbs to a great length. Do you see the bird's nest yonder at the top of that high fir-tree? I can reach it down for you without having to climb the tree."

And thereupon he began stretching himself out, and his body rapidly grew longer and longer, till he was as high as the tree itself. Then he reached forth his hand to take the nest, and when he had taken it his body shrunk in again, and he handed the nest to the prince.

"Thou understandest thy business well," said the prince; "but what is the use of birds' nests to me, if thou canst not help me out of the forest?"

"Hem! that is easy enough!" replied Longbody, and he stretched himself again till he was three times as tall as the tallest tree in the forest. He then looked around and, pointing in a certain direction, said, "From yonder side is the nearest road out of the wood."

Then he drew himself in again, took the horse by the bridle, and went on in front. Before the prince had time to observe it they had already left the forest behind them. Before them lay a great plain backed by high gray rocks, like the walls of a large town, and mountains covered with forests.

"Yonder goes my companion," said Longbody, pointing to the further end of the plain. "You ought to take him with you, too, for he could render you great services."

"Call him hither, that I may see what there is in him."

"It is rather a long way off, master," answered Longbody. "He would hardly hear me if I were to call him; besides, it would take him a long time to reach us, for he has much to carry with him. I would rather go and fetch him."

Then Longbody lengthened himself again toward the sky, till his head reached as far as the clouds, made one or two steps, seized his comrade by the arm, and placed him before the prince. He was a large muscular fellow, with an immense belly.

"Who art thou?" asked the prince: "and what canst thou do?"

"Master, I am called Broadbody; and can swell myself out to a great breadth."

"Let me see," said the prince, "what you can do."

"Ride with all speed into the forest," returned Broadbody; and immediately began to swell out his body.

The prince was puzzled to know why he should ride away so quickly; but when he saw Longbody running with all his might toward the forest, he spurred on his horse, and hurried after him. And lucky it was for him that he did so, or Broadbody would soon have crushed him and his horse to death; for he increased so rapidly on all sides, that the whole place was soon filled with him, as if a mountain had rolled down upon them. Then he stopped swelling himself, and blew out the air with such tremendous force that he made the forest shake, and appeared again as before.

"Thou hast driven me into a sad plight," said the prince; "but such a fellow as thou art is not to be found every day, so come along with me."

They proceeded further on their way; and as they were approaching the rock, they met one who had his eyes bound with a cloth.

"Master, that is our other companion," said Longbody. "You ought to take him into your service, for surely he will not eat his bread for nothing."

"Who art thou?" demanded the prince; "and why hast thou thy eyes bound in that fashion? Surely thou canst not see thy way."

"Oh, sir! quite the contrary," replied he, "it is just because I see too clearly that I have my eyes bound, for with them bound I can see as well as you can with yours free. If I take away the cloth, my sight penetrates through the thickest substance; and if I look rather hard at any thing it either takes fire, or flies into a thousand pieces. For which reason I am called Keeneye."

He then turned himself towards the rocks that stood opposite them, removed the bandage, and fixed his fiery eyes steadily upon them. Presently the hard rocks began to crackle, the pieces flew in all directions, and in a few minutes nothing was left of the rocks but a heap of sand. Then they saw in the midst of the sand something shining like fire. Keeneye fetched it, and presented it to the prince, who on beholding it found that it was a lump of pure gold.

"Truly, thou art a valuable fellow," said the prince, "he is a fool who would not make use of thy service. But since thou hast such an excellent eye, just look and tell me how far we are from the Iron Castle, and what is going on within it at this moment."

"If you rode alone, master," answered Keeneye, "you would not arrive there in a year, but with our help you will be there before the day is over. They are at this moment preparing the evening meal for us."

"And what is my bride doing?"

"She is sitting alone
In the gloomy tower
Cruelly bound
By magic power."

Then said the prince: "Let him who is my friend help me to set her free."

And they all three promised to give him their help. So they journeyed on through an opening between the rocks, which Keeneye had made with his eye, far away over high hills and through dark forests; and whenever any hindrance came in their way, the three companions soon removed them.

As the sun was going down, the hills grew smaller, the forests thinner, the rocks were hid beneath the brown mountain heather, and the castle was seen a short distance before them. But as the sun was leaving the earth, they crossed the iron bridge that led to the old castle-gate; and when it was quite set, the iron bridge raised itself, the gate closed, and the prince, with his three companions, stood prisoners within the Iron Castle.

The prince then gave his horse to be led into the stable. Everything was prepared for them; so, after they had seen round the courtyard, they entered the castle hall. Everywhere, in the courtyard, in the stable and in the hall, they saw by the twilight many people in rich attire, both men and women; but not one of them moved—they were all turned to stone.

The prince and his companions, after wandering through many apartments, came at length to the banquet-hall. It was brilliantly lighted, and in the middle stood a table covered with a profusion of rich viands, and laid out for four persons. They waited a long time thinking some one would come; but finding that nobody appeared, they sat down and began to eat and drink till they were filled. When they had finished their meal they looked about to see if they could not find some place where they might sleep. As they were thus occupied the door suddenly flew open and the magician walked into the room. He was an old man dressed in a long black robe, and bowed down by years. His head was bald, but his gray beard flowed down to the knees, and instead of a girdle three iron rings surrounded his body. He led by the hand a most lovely princess clothed in white. Around her waist she wore a silver girdle, and upon head a crown of pearls; but she was pale and sad, as if she had risen from the grave. The prince knew her again in a moment, sprang up, and went toward her; but ere he could speak, the magician addressed him in these words: "I know why thou art come hither: thy intention is to bear away this princess. Good. Be it so! It is permitted thee to claim, after thou hast guarded her for three nights together without allowing her to escape. If thou failest, thou and thy three attendants will be turned into stone, like all those who have made the attempt before thee." He then led the princess to a seat, and withdrew.

The prince could not turn his eyes away from her, she was so very lovely. He began to speak to her, and to ask her many things; but she answered not, nor did she even smile or look upon him, but remained like a marble statue. He sat down by her side, and resolved here to sleep during the whole of the night, so that she might not escape.

For greater safety, Longbody lengthened himself to the fullest extent, and lay all round the room. Broadbody placed himself within the doorway, swelled out his body and stopped the way so completely, that even a mouse could not get through. And Keeneye stood in the middle of the room like a pillar, so as to keep watch. In a little while, however, all three growing weary fell asleep, and slept the whole night as soundly as if they had been at the bottom of the ocean.

When the morning twilight began to dawn, the prince awoke, and when he saw that the princess had disappeared he seemed as if he had been struck in the heart with a knife. He lost no time in arousing the three companions, and asked what was to be done.

"Do not be in the least trouble, master!" quoth Keeneye looking out of the window, "for I see her already. A hundred miles from this castle is a forest. In the midst of the forest stands an oak, upon that oak is an acorn and that acorn is the princess. Longbody shall take me on his shoulders, and we will soon get her back again."

So he got upon Longbody's shoulders, who stretched himself out, and left the castle. Each step he took measured ten miles. Keeneye showed him the way, and in less time than one requires to go round a cottage they were back again. Longbody gave the acorn to the prince, and said: "Let it fall upon the ground!" The prince did as he was told, and at the same moment the beautiful princess stood before him.

And as the sun began to show himself above the hills the door flew open with a loud crash, and the magician entered with a fiendish laugh; but as soon as he beheld the princess there he appeared gloomy. And as he was muttering something between his teeth, in an instant one of the iron rings that were round his waist snapped asunder and fell to the ground. He then took the princess by the hand and led her away.

The next day as the prince had nothing to do he wandered through the castle and all around it, to see everything that was most remarkable there. On all sides it appeared as if life had been stopped at one blow. In one of the halls was a prince holding with both hands a sword over his head. He seemed on the point of cutting some one into pieces, but had been turned into stone ere he could finish his stroke. In one room was a knight who appeared, whilst flying with outstretched arms toward some one, to have stumbled against the threshold of the door, and was falling, but had been turned into stone before he reached the earth. In another room he beheld a man servant sitting before the fire-place with a piece of meat in one hand and another piece in the other, which he was raising to his mouth; but had not brought it so far ere he had become a mass of lifeless stone. And many others he saw in the same petrified state, each in the position in which he was when the magician uttered the words—"Become stone."

He also saw many beautiful horses both inside and outside the castle, which had shared the same fate. Death and gloom were on all sides. There were trees, but they had no leaves on them; meadows without grass; and a river in which water did not flow. Not a bird was to be seen that could sing; not a flower that could bloom; not a fish that could swim in the water.

At morning, noon, and evening the prince and his three companions found a sumptuous meal ready for them. An unseen power served up the viands and poured the wine into their glasses, so that they had nothing to do but to eat and drink.

Scar

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, DEC. 29, 1867.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation in Columbia and adjoining counties of any paper published here, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

REPUBLICANISM.

While we have our own ideas as to the meaning of the above term as applied to a party, whenever we put them forth we are met by the objection that our statements are tinctured by our prejudices, and are therefore not entitled to weight. We feel assured that if the true principles of the Radical party were submitted to a popular verdict, they would meet with an inglorious defeat. In fact, wherever they have made square issues on their distinctive principles, they have been overwhelmed. In order that our readers may know more fully the views and aims of the Republican party, we insert below an editorial on the subject, taken from the *Morning Post*, a leading Philadelphia daily. Those who do not agree to the sentiments therein expressed, have no business in the Republican party, and should without delay unite themselves with us, and endeavor to make this a "white man's government."

"It is a sad, but indisputable truth, that the Republican party, despite its apparent strength, does not really occupy the position it should—that the shadow of its power is greater than the substance. We have rejoiced in triumphs which have had little or no result; we have celebrated victories which have proved barren; we have possessed golden opportunities, and single moments of power that slipped unimproved from our grasp. There have been moments when we held the heart of the nation in our hands, to mould for good or for evil, and we have not made use of them. It would be vain to deny that for the present those times have passed away. It would be equally useless to seek the cause of our weakness in any outward circumstances. It is not because our party is so young that, before the election of '56, it can scarcely be said to have had an existence; for the younger we are the stronger and healthier we should be. It is not because the war-enthusiasm, which for an instant drew the hearts of the whole people to our banners, has subsided, and men see things with colder eyes than before. It is not because there is not ability enough in our ranks, for the best brain and soul of the country are with us. But it is because the majority of our adherents have never been as earnest as the Democratic masses. What they willed they have willed and executed thoroughly and radically. There have been no half measures, and but few compromises with them. It would have been well had we learned of our enemies. We should not then be wrestling for a power we might long to possess, but will never gain unless Republicans become willing to practice what they preach. For we fear indeed that there are many who, although they talk of the equality and the immutable rights of the black man, would still be unwilling to have him sit beside him in the jury box, or in the House of Representatives. We ourselves know of men professing themselves Republicans, who say that they would no more eat with a negro at the same table, than they would sell their souls to Satan. There are doubtless many who would be willing the free imen should have the right of suffrage, and yet dislike to ride in a street car with them. We fear that there are but few of our Senators and Representatives, who, after making very radical speeches in the morning, would yet be ready to welcome negroes to their splendid receptions in the evening. They say, like Shylock "I will buy with you, sell with you, talk with you, walk with you; but I will not eat with you, drink with you, nor pray with you." They are willing to accord them all the rights of human beings in principle, so long as they do not claim them in practice. Here lies the secret of our weakness. We are Radicals in mouth, not in heart. The arm we raise to strike falls powerless by our side when we remember that those we do battle for are not to be received into our own tents. Thus shall we never conquer, but be forever beaten by those who, though they are our enemies, teach us a most valuable lesson."

"REAL ESTATE AGENCY."—This term has been tauntingly applied to the State Department on account of the numerous treaties made, or about to be made for the acquisition of more territory. We have recently purchased Russian America and the Island of St. Thomas; and the Bay of Samana is now offered to us for one million of dollars, and the rich islands of Cuba and Porto Rico for one hundred and fifty millions. Certainly the acquisition of Florida, Texas, California, Louisiana and the rich valley of the Mississippi has been of immense value to us as a nation, and we have no doubt that all the West India islands should belong to this country. They will soon pay for themselves, and buying them is much cheaper and pleasanter than fighting for them. True, the price must be paid in gold, but as in all probability the American people will never see that currency again, we don't know but what it might as well be sent out of the country, and a few more National Banks erected instead. It will also stop speculation in gold.

THE Democrats of Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia are to hold State Conventions on the 8th of January, 1868, to nominate candidates for State offices and delegates to the National Democratic Convention. The day upon which these Conventions are to meet, it being the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans, is most auspicious, while the glorious results of the elections of 1867 afford cheering prospects for the result of the national campaign of 1868. As the State Committee of Ohio, in its call, says: "Fellow Democrats, you have "this year achieved great victories. But "the work is not complete. The country is yet unredeemed from tyranny "and misrule. Let us then press forward in the great work of redemption. "Let us lose not one moment. Let us "spare no exertion—and this time next "year will find us rejoicing over our "country and Constitution rescued from "destruction."

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

C. W. Campbell et al vs H. W. McReynolds et al—Ejectment for a tract of land in the warrantee name of "Andrew Clark," situate now in Beaver township. Freeze and Comly for the Plaintiffs, and Clark and Baldy for the Defendants. Verdict in favor of the Plaintiffs for the land described in the writ, except about 50 acres thereof, shaded with green in the draft, which is made part of the verdict, and which 59 acres was not in this trial claimed by the Plaintiffs.

Sylvester J. Faux vs John Robison—Action for putting up a line fence. Clark for the Plaintiff—Freeze for the Defendant. Verdict of the jury in favor of the Plaintiff for $38.42.

Wm. Schuyler vs Samuel Yetter—Debt for plow sold. Little for Plff., Clark for Deft. Verdict for Plff.

James Strausser vs George Stricker—Action slander for words spoken. Clark for Plff., Freeze and Abbott for Deft. Verdict of the Jury, for the Deft.

Samuel Waters vs C. E. Margerum—Action of ejectment for lot in Catawissa. Jackson, Knorr and Whitmoyer for Plff., Clark and Baldy for Deft. The question was one purely of law, and under the charge of the Court, the Jury found a verdict for the Deft.

Deborah Dean vs Owen L. Dean—Action of ejectment for lot of ground in Catawissa. Clark and Freeze for the Plff., Knorr and Whitmoyer for Deft. Verdict of the Jury in favor of the Plff.

Jesse Robbins and wife vs Wm. Eves and wife—Action of slander. Freeze and Little for Plff., Whitmoyer and Knorr for Deft. The Plff., suffered a non-suit.

An adjourned argument Court will be held on Thursday, January 2d, at 10 o'clock A.M.

A very large amount of business was disposed of during the term. A two weeks Court was ordered for February. The first week for criminal business, and the second week criminal, if any remains over, and civil.

Court adjourned on Saturday afternoon about 4 o'clock.

THE PRISONERS OF STATE.

To the Editor of The Day-Book:

SIR—The suggestions to the "Prisoners of State," which I was permitted to submit through the columns of The Day-Book, are received with favor. I did not give my name to the communication, because I dislike notoriety; yet some one must work. And I propose to be a medium of communication from those who are concerned—one with the other—in regard to the matter inquired after, also touching the plan and purpose of the organization contemplated, and also of the proposed convention on the 22d day of February next. I shall be pleased to receive and to answer all communications from victims of the late despotism. Permit me to say here to our loved "confraternity," that my plan, amongst other matters, proposes to perpetuate the evidence, and to transmit to those who may desire to cherish us in grateful memory, a faithful record of our wrongs and of the infamy of those who inflicted them. Communications may be addressed to the undersigned, at No. 12 Wall street, New York.

P. C. WRIGHT.

OCT. 28, 1867.

MR. EDITOR. I am not a "prisoner of state," having providentially escaped the grasp of those "blood hounds" who made the arbitrary arrests during Abraham Lincoln's reign of terror. But I am interested in the objects of the above letter from P. C. Wright Esq. and desire to see a full representation of all concerned at the Convention of "prisoners of State" to be holden in the city of New York on the 22d of Feb. 1868, and beg leave to suggest the 8th of January as a suitable time for all those interested to hold County Conventions throughout the United States and elect Delegates to represent them fully in the N. Y. National Convention above named. As this is a very important matter I hope the "prisoners of state" in Columbia, Luzerne, Clearfield and all other counties will at once appoint their meetings and take such steps as may secure the results proposed by Mr. Wright. As a patriot and a friend of law and order, and the Constitutional rights of all, I do hereby respectfully request all Democratic Editors to copy Mr. Wright's letter and speak out fully on this subject.

JUSTICE.

THE resolution offered in the Louisiana Convention that "no legislative body hereafter, in General Assembly, shall have power to amend or annul any article of this Constitution; nor shall they have the right to call another Convention in this State before a period of seventy years," touches the apex of absurdity. As well might an engineer rivet down his safety-valve and "resolve" that his boiler should not explode. Nothing is more silly (silliest of all in America) than for any legislative body to attempt to bind the hands of its successors. It is very well for the present generation in Louisiana or elsewhere to make rules for itself; but do they suppose they can discount and dispose of the wills of generations to come? The surest way to invite an explosion which will rend their work asunder, is to attempt to make it irrevocable. The longer ahead the time set for "amendment," the speedier will that explosion come. In America, we have no laws of Medes and Persians.—*N. Y. Times.*

INSTRUMENTS REQUIRING STAMPS.—The following are the Instruments to be stamped, and the stamps to be used in ordinary business transactions:

All notes and evidences of debt, five cents on each $100; if under $100, five cents; if over $100, five cents on each additional $100 or part thereof.

All receipts for any amount without limit for over $20, two cents; if $20 or under, nothing.

All deeds and deeds of trust, fifty cents on each 500 dollars in value of the property conveyed or the amount secured; when a deed of trust is duly stamped the notes secured must not be, but they should be indorsed to show the reason why.

All appraisements of estates or of estrays, five cents on each sheet or piece of paper.

Affidavits of every description are exempt from stamp duty.

Acknowledgments to deeds etc., are also exempt.

Contracts and agreements, five cents except for rents; when for rent, fifty cents for 300 dollars, fifty cents for each 200 dollars or less over 300 dollars.

Any person interested can affix and cancel the stamps.

"Two kinds of money for two kinds of men"—rags for the people and gold for the bondholders, is, says the New York *Herald*, the financial plank of the Radical party.

HOW THEY MANAGE.

THE *Tribune* of Saturday denies that Mr. Greeley has declared that the course pursued by the Radical partisans in the Southern States, as exemplified in the action of the Alabama Convention, is calculated "to bring odium upon the Republican party." So much the worse for the gentleman in question. We ask his attention and that of his party friends to certain facts which are transmitted to us by a highly respectable citizen of Marion Court House, South Carolina. At the late election in that State for delegates to a State Convention, the Radicals issued a number of ballots, of which one lies before us. Very appropriately, in view of the events of the last six and a half years, it is printed in red, and is disfigured by a picture (in the same color) of the late lamented Lincoln. Under the picture are the names of four candidates for delegates to the Convention which, out of respect to our readers, we refrain from printing. Two of them are those of negroes unable to read; a third is that of a negro who we trust can read as our friend is silent on the subject. The fourth name is that of a white man who is now under indictment for cow stealing, and is to be tried therefor next March.

If these are fair representatives of the Radical candidates for delegates to the Southern State Conventions, (and from the letters of our correspondents in Virginia, Alabama, and Louisiana, we judge that they are) it becomes a serious question for the people of the whole country whether such conduct on the part of the party in power is to be tolerated. In respect to South Carolina, particularly, a grave suspicion arises whether in that State there has not been foul dealing. All the early reports of the late election there concurred in the statement that the majority of votes cast were against holding a Convention, but a few days later it was given out from Washington that it was thought that after all, the Convention project had not been defeated, and next despatches from South Carolina began to re-echo this opinion. Like the disappearance of cats and dogs in the vicinity of a sausage factory, this may not prove anything, but it is very suspicious, to say the least.—*N. Y. World.*

ON the 21st of September last, Gen. W. B. Franklin wrote a letter to Gen. Grant (just now submitted to the Rump agreeably to a resolution of inquiry) in which he said: "During the trial of Gen. Fitz John Porter, I thought it proper to inform Porter that Gens. J. F. Reynolds, George H. Thomas and myself, would, if requested, go before the Court and swear that *we would not believe Pope* or Roberts *under oath.*' Porter would not allow them to do so for fear of "irritating the Court." This is the same Pope—Gen. John Pope, "headquarters in the saddle"—who plays Satrap in the Third Military District, who holds the negro unconstitutional conventions of Georgia, Alabama and Florida in the hollow of his hand, and who is idolized by the Radical leaders with a fervor unequaled only by that bestowed upon Sheridan, Sickles and Stanton. Pope is the beau ideal of a hero, according to the Radical idea, but as his military acts were all failures (like those of Ben. Butler, another Radical hero,) the inference is self-evident that he is a great patriot and hero just because three distinguished Generals of the army will not believe him upon oath.

THE IMPEACHMENT QUESTION.—In the House on Friday, Judge Woodward, made a remarkable speech on the subject of impeachment, during which he indorsed Mr. Boutwell's position that the President was amenable to impeachment, even if he is guiltless of crimes which would render him liable to indictment under the statute. His main point was an argument that, inasmuch as the laws of the United States do not take cognizance of criminal matters except in cases of counterfeiting Government money, and that idiocy, imbecility and other causes for removal which cannot be classed as high crimes and misdemeanors, are not mentioned, the framers of the Constitution did not intend that it should be necessary to find any civil officers guilty of crimes known to the statute law before impeaching him. The speech was carefully prepared, and was read in Committee of the Whole while many of the members were absent, but the few who were present crowded the aisles in the vicinity of Judge Woodward and listened to him eagerly.

OUR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS.—Many persons have sneeringly remarked that Mercur, although a Judge and magnate at home, on reaching Washington sank to a suitable level, and had no higher aspiration than to vote as Thad. Stevens dictates. We are happy to say that this is an erroneous opinion. Day by day we have waded through the reports of Congressional proceedings, and at last have been rewarded by *actually finding his name in print* out side of the *yeas* and *nays*. It was a proud moment and shows that his active mind has found suitable employment. We annex the *Press* report:

"CHURCH INCORPORATED.—Mr. Mercur, from the Committee on the District of Columbia, reported a bill to incorporate the First Presbyterian Church, of Washington."

RADICAL organ editors who were so fiercely opposed to Judge Sharswood because of his legal tender decision in the Borie Trott case, should read the following opinion from Judge Greeley, of the *Tribune*—good Radical authority: "Legal tenders are a 'forced loan'—a sort of legal robbery. They have no self-regulating, expansive and contracting power, adapted to the business wants of the community. Any paper currency, to deserve the name, must be—1. Secured; 2. Redeemable. Greenbacks are neither. They are a standing advertisment that the United States are insolvent. They are depreciated Government lies."

IF anybody has doubts as to the truth of the old adage that "a man who is good at excuses is generally good at nothing else," the adroitness with which Chief-Justice Chase always presents a plausible reason for not presiding at the trial of Mr. Jefferson Davis is admirably calculated to dispel them.

A BILL before the Tennessee Legislature, to "Encourage and protect Loyalty," provides that it shall hereafter be an offence for any person or family to have a picture of Jeff. Davis or General R. E. Lee in their possession.

CONGRESSIONAL SUMMARY.

DEC. 13.—The President sent to the Senate yesterday a message giving his reasons for the suspension of the Hon. E. M. Stanton, as Secretary of War, on the 12th of August last. A copy of the message cannot be procured for publication, nor was it read in open Senate, but the following, it is believed, are the essential points of the document. It will be recollected that the President from considerations of a high character, requested Secretary Stanton to resign his office, and that Mr. Stanton, in reply, quoting the phrase of the President, said that considerations of a high character alone had introduced him to continue at the head of the Department and constrained him not to resign the office of Secretary of War before the next meeting of Congress. This, the President says, was not merely a declination of compliance with the request for his resignation, but was a defiance. Whatever propriety there might be in the expressions of opinions to others, one thing was certain, it was official misconduct, to say the least of it, to parade them before his superior officer, and showed a want of proper dignity and respect for the President. In addition to the above recited ground of the Secretary why he did not resign he denied the President's right to remove him, but the President says that under Mr. Stanton's sense of duty, he could not refer to the law creating the War Department, for that confers on the President the right to remove the heads of the departments. The only other law under which Mr. Stanton could plead extenuation of his conduct, was that in relation to the tenure-of-office. Nothing in that law compelled him to remain in office. He was free at any time to resign it. The tenure-of-office bill did not pass without notice. Every member of Cabinet was consulted upon the subject, and particularly the Attorney-General and Mr. Stanton, the latter having for merly held the office. Mr. Stanton's condemnation of the law, the President says, was most elaborate and emphatic. Some reference is made to the circumstances under which the President retained his predecessor's Cabinet officers, and digMr. Stanton, and he remarks as to the proposed mode of reconstructing the southern states, all the members were a perfect accord with himself. The President after setting forth at length his view of the case, assigns a special ground for the suspension of Mr. Stanton. It will be recollected that during the summer of 1866 General Bair telegraphed from New Orleans to the Secretary of War, that a convention was about to assemble, and that the Governor and the city autorities, thinking it was an unlawful assembly, would break it up. The General asked the Secretary of War for instructions, and to telegraph him at once. Mr. Stanton did not, however, give General Baird the desired orders, nor did he communicate the fact of the reception of the dispatch to the President, who knew nothing of its existence until ten days after it came into Mr. Stanton's hands, and not until after the riot had occurred. The President, therefore, takes the ground that Mr. Stanton was responsible for delinquency, and that if he, the President, had known that General Baird had sought advice, the riot might have been prevented. The President holds that, so far as the public interests are concerned, there is no cause to regret the removal of Mr. Stanton, for the present Secretary of War *ad interim* has, by his measures of economy, saved a million of dollars to the government.

In the house Mr. Maynard offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the expediency of selecting diplomatic and consular representatives to Hayti, Liberia and other parts of Africa, from colored American citizens. Mr. Chanler moved to lay the resolution on the table, but the House refused—yeas 63, nays 77. The resolution was then withdrawn.

DEC. 14.—In the Senate yesterday, the Committee on Territories reported a bill relative to affairs in Utah. Among other things it provides that marriages shall only be solemnized by regularly elected and qualified law officers or regularly ordained ministers of the Gospel. Polygamy is positively prohibited, and marriages within certain degrees of consanguinity are declared incestuous and void, and persons entering into such marriages to be liable to severe penalties. The bill exempting cotton from taxes was called up, and after a brief debate its further consideration postponed until Monday. The House bill giving to the families of deceased soldiers the bounties to which such soldiers were entitled at the time of their death was passed. The House resolution providing for an adjournment of both Houses from the 20th inst. to Jan. 6, was passed after some debate.

In the House, yesterday, a petition from the Society of Friends was presented praying for peace with the Indians and for the passage of just laws for their protection. Several bills and resolutions were presented and referred, after which the House went into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union. Debate upon the late impeachment project occupied the time until 4 o'clock, when the House adjourned.

DEC. 17th—A bill was introduced in the Senate yesterday to reorganize the Department of State. A bill providing for the reorganization of the Foreign Service was introduced and referred. The Senate took up the bill to repeal the tax on cotton grown after 1867. A lengthy debate followed, but without taking definite action the Senate adjourned.

In the House a resolution reciting that the President had, in his recent message, recommended the repeal of the Reconstruction acts, and declaring that the House would never take a retrograde step from its position in regard to equal rights, was passed by a strictly party vote—yeas 111, nays 32.

Mr. Butler asked to have the rules suspended to enable him to introduce a bill providing that all Government indebtedness shall be paid—where payment in gold was distinctly specified, the payment to be made accordingly; but in all cases where gold is not mentioned the debt to be paid in lawful money. The House refused by a vote yeas 55, nays 83, to suspend the rules.

A proposition was agreed to increasing by 50 per cent. the salaries of all employees in the service of the Government who are now receiving less than $2,000 per year, the increase to take effect from the 30th of last June, and to continue for one year. The bill was then on motion laid on the table, but subsequently it was taken up, the amendment increasing salaries stricken out, and a bill passed. The House, after having refused to consider a resolution looking to the reduction of the pay of its members, adjourned.

DEC. 18—In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Sherman reported from the Finance Committee a bill for the funding of the national debt and the conversion of United States notes. A resolution calling for information as to the aggregate cost to the United States, since June 9, 1865, of the freedmen, with the cost of the Freedmen's Bureau and of the measures for reconstruction was laid over. A discussion then occurred upon the pending bill for the repeal of the cotton tax.

In the House, Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, asked unanimous consent to report from the Reconstruction Committee a bill relating to the reconstruction of Southern territory. The bill was read for information. The first section modifies the Reconstruction act, so that a simple majority of votes cast for or against the constitution may affirm or reject such constitution. A debate ensued upon a resolution of Mr. Thomas, from the Judiciary Committee, authorizing the Committee to continue the inquiry concerning public affairs in Maryland, with all the powers and authority given to the Committee on that subject by the orders and resolutions adopted by the House.

THE Yelverton divorce case paper weighs nearly a ton.

IMPORTANT TO SKATERS.

The Reading *Dispatch* says, in view of the approach of the skating season, the following may save our friends who indulge in the recreation of skating, no small amount of discomfort. "Before starting on the ice, bathe your feet in cold water, dry them perfectly and give them a good rubbing with a crash towel, put on a pair of woolen or heavy cotton stockings and your feet will remain comfortably warm for three or four hours in the coldest weather.

PROPOSED REMOVAL OF GENERAL POPE.—It is currently reported that the President will shortly relieve General Pope of the command of the Third Military District, and assign General George G. Meade to that position. General Meade is now in the city, and has recently had several interviews with the President. Pope's administration of affairs has given great dissatisfaction, and his removal seems to be determined upon by the Executive.

THE Democracy of Ohio are to meet in State Convention on the 8th of January, to select candidates for State officers and appoint delegates to the National Convention, to make a Presidential nominee.

Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$2 25
Rye "	1 25
Corn "	1 10
Flour per barrel	14 00
Clover seed	6 00
Flaxseed	2 00
Butter	40
Eggs	28
Tallow	11
Potatoes	1 00
Dried Apples	2 50
Pork	9
Hams	20
Sides and Shoulders	15
Lard per pound	15
Hay per ton	16 00

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$16 00
Pine " " " (one inch)	18 00
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	15 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	8 00
" " " 2 " "	5 00
Siding " " "	18 00

Philadelphia Markets.

THURSDAY, December 19 1867.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$7 00@ 8 00
Northwestern extra	8 50@ 9 00
Northwestern family	10 00@11 00
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	7 00@ 8 00
Pennsylvania and Western extra	8 50@10 50
Pennsylvania and Western family	11 00@12 50
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	13 00@15 00
Rye flour	7 00@ 8 00
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, $ bus.	$2 [illegible]@2 [illegible]
Southern " "	$2 00@2 [illegible]
California " "	$2 [illegible]
white "	$2 15@2 [illegible]
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, $ bus.	$1 [illegible]@1 [illegible]
CORN—Yellow, "	$1 [illegible]@1 [illegible]
" Mixed "	$1 [illegible]@1 [illegible]
OATS— "	90@ 95
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, $ bbl.	$22 50
Mess Beef, "	$15 50
Dressed Hogs, $ lb.	8½@ 9
Smoked Hams "	18@ 19c
" Shoulders $ lb	13½@14c
Lard, $ lb.	13½@14c
SEEDS—Cloverseed $ bus.	$7 00@8 50
Timothyseed $ bus.	$2 65
Flaxseed "	$2 [illegible]@2 [illegible]
CATTLE—Best Cattle $ lb.	$ [illegible]@ [illegible]
Cows, $ head	$ [illegible]@ [illegible]
SHEEP—$ lb	6½@ 7½c
HOGS—$ 100 lbs	$9 [illegible]@10 25

MARRIED.

WITCHY—BUTTS—At the residence of the bride on the 15th inst., by Allen Mann, Esq., John Witchy, of Roaring Creek, to Mrs. Christiana Butts, of Beaver Valley.

HERMAN—POTT—On the 8th ult at the Lutheran Parsonage, in Berwick, by Rev. W. B. Fox, Mr. Silas Herman and Miss Mary Potts both of Centre township, Col. Co. Pa.

ILSER—WELSH.—On the 5th inst, at the same place, by the same, Mr. Hiram Ilser, of Newspeck, and Miss Sallie E. Welsh, of Sugarloaf township, Luzerne County, Pa.

DELONG—ROOD On the 23d of November, by Rev. M. P. Crosthwaite, John S. DeLong to Miss Lavina Rood, all of Luzerne county.

MOSS—DAVENPORT On the 15th of December, by Rev. M. P. Crosthwaite, Dyer C. Moss, of Benton township, to Mrs. Martha Davenport, of Plymouth.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST.

On Tuesday, December 10th, 1867, on the road between Bloomsburg and Orangeville, a Time Book about 4 inches long by 3 inches wide. Said Book, containing some accounts, and two notes amounting to $180. FIVE DOLLARS Reward is offered for the safe return of the book and its contents.

JACOB SNYDER.
Dec26,67-3t* Orangeville, Penn'a.

A SPLENDID CHANCE.

The undersigned, desiring to retire from business, would announce to the public that they will dispose, at private sale of their entire stock of goods, consisting mainly of hardware, and also the lumber yard attached to the premises. The stock has been well selected, and with special reference to the wants of the community, and the stand is an old and well established one.

The property on which the store is, can be bought or leased. Apply to or address,

KNITTLE & GABLE.
Dec26,67-6t Centralia, Columbi County, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Columbia County, ss.: In the Orphans' Court of said County; In the matter of the estate of David Bodine, deceased, on motion of Mr. Clark, E. H. Little is appointed Auditor to make distribution. By the Court; from the record. December 6, 1867. JESSE COLEMAN, Clerk.

The undersigned will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg, on the 27th day of January, A.D. 1868, at 2 o'clock p. m., at which time and place all parties interested can attend.

E. H. LITTLE,
Dec26,67. Auditor.

MERIDEN CUTLERY COMPANY

Manufacturers of superior Table Cutlery, of Pearl, Ivory, Horn, Bone, Ebony and Ocean Handles. Also, exclusive Manufacturers of the

PATENT HARD RUBBER HANDLE,

which is the most durable handle ever known. It is much less expensive than Ivory. It always retains its polish when in use. It is warranted not to become loose in the handle. It is not affected by hot water. For sale by all the principal dealers in Cutlery throughout the United States, and by the

MERIDEN CUTLERY CO.
Dec26,67-1m New York.

KAVANAGH & DECKER'S
(BILLIARD TABLES)

WITH THE CAT GUT CUSHION
[Patented December 13th, 1866.]

And acknowledged by eminent players to be the best in use. Send for descriptive circular.

KAVANAGH & DECKER,
Corner Canal and Centre sts., N. Y.
Dec26,67-3m

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Columbia County, Pa., on SATURDAY, the 18th day of JANUARY next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, Levi Wrights, guardian of the persons and estates of Benville K. Folk and Sarah Elizabeth Folk, minor children of Benville Folk, late of Hemlock Township, in said county, deceased, will expose to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, a certain messuage, house and lot, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the north by land of Jacob Buckhorn, on the east by land of William Leidy, in Buckhorn, on the south by land of John Appleman, and on the west by lot of John Herring, containing about one half acre, more or less, whereon is erected a two-story frame dwelling house.

Also the estate of said deceased, situate in the township of Hemlock, and county aforesaid.

JESSE COLEMAN, Clerk.
Bloomsburg, Dec. 20, 1867.
Terms of sale will be published on day of sale.
LEVI WRIGHTS, Guardian.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Columbia County, Pa., on SATURDAY, the 18th day of JANUARY next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, John Michael, administrator of Jacob Keller, late of Beaver Township, in said county, deceased, will expose to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, a certain farm or messuage, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the north and east by lands of Henry Hosler, on the south by land of Charles Mitchell, on the west by lands of Daniel Singley and Daniel Herringer, containing about SIXTY ACRES, more or less, with the appurtenances.

Also the estate of said deceased, situate in the township of Beaver, and county aforesaid.

JESSE COLEMAN, Clerk.
Bloomsburg, Dec. 20, 1867.

TERMS OF SALE.—An amount sufficient to pay the costs at the striking down of the property. An amount sufficient to pay all mortgage or judgment liens on said property at confirmation absolute; two-thirds of the balance in one year; and the remaining one third of said balance at the death of the widow. The last two payments with their interest payable annually from confirmation nisi or to be secured by bonds and mortgage on the premises.

JOHN MICHAEL,
Administrator.

GLENS Furnishing Goods at CHEM BERLIN'S Store. 6—6m.

LITTELL'S LIVING AGE.

Fresh and exertion commended by Justice Story, Chancellor Kent, President Adams, Historians Sparks, Prescott, Bancroft, and Ticknor; Revs. Henry W. Beecher, and many others.

It has been published for more than twenty years and is now enlarged. It is issued

EVERY SATURDAY,

giving forty-two numbers and over Three Thousand double octavo pages of reading matter, yearly.

It is a work which commends itself to every one who has a taste for the best literature of the Magazines and Reviews, or who cares to keep up with the events of the time.

It contains the best Reviews, Criticisms, Stories, Poetry, Literary, Scientific, Biographical, Historical, and Political Essays—from the whole body of English Periodical Literature—making four volumes a year, of immediate interest, and solid permanent value.

EXTRACTS FROM NOTICES.

From the late President of the United States, John Quincy Adams.—"Of all the periodicals devoted to literature and science, which abound in Europe and this country, 'The Living Age' has appeared to me the most useful."

From Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, May 1867.—"Were I, in view of all the competitors now in the field, to choose, I should unhesitatingly choose 'The Living Age.' There is not, in any library I know of, so much instructive and entertaining reading in the same number of volumes."

From the New York Times.—"The taste, judgment, and wise tact displayed in the selection of articles are above all praise, because they have never been equalled."

From the Springfield (Mass) Republican.—"We can do those among our readers who love sound and pure literature no better service than by referring them to this sterling weekly. It is decidedly the best magazine of its class published in the United States, if not in the world."

From the Boston Traveller.—"We venture to say that in no other form can a work of similar character be found of equal merit, or at so moderate a price."

From the Church Union, New York, Aug. 10, 1867.—"its editorial discrimination is such as ever to afford its readers an entertaining resume of the best current European magazine literature, and so complete as to satisfy them of their having no need to resort to its original sources. In this regard we deem it the best issue of its kind extant."

From the New York Independent.—"No one can read, from week to week, the selections brought in the 'Living Age,' without becoming conscious of a quickening of his own faculties, and an enlargement of his mental horizon. Few private libraries, of compact size, can secure the back volumes, sets of which are limited and costly. But public libraries in towns and villages ought, if possible, to be furnished with such a treasury of entertaining and instructive matter. Subscribers may begin as subscribers for the new series, and thus keep pace in future with the age in which they live."

From the Richmond Whig, June 1, 1867.—"If a man were to read Littell's magazine regularly and read nothing else, he would be well informed on all prominent subjects in the general field of human knowledge."

From the Illinois State Journal, Aug. 1867.—"It has more real solid worth in useful information, than any similar publication we know of. The ablest essays, the most entertaining stories, the finest poetry of the English language, are here gathered together."

From the New York Home Journal, June 15, 1867.—"Litt ll's Living Age, long distinguished as a repertory of the best productions of the choicest foreign periodical literature, still holds the foremost rank among works of its class. Its standard of selections is a high one; and its contents have not only the freshness of the present moment, but possesses an enduring value. Its representation of the foreign field of periodical literature is ample and comprehensive; and it embodies the tasteful and erudite, the romantic and practical, the social and scholarly, the grave and gay, with a skill which is nowhere surpassed, and which is admirably suited to please the cultivated reader."

From the Protestant Churchman, June 27, 1867.—"Age and life are alike its characteristics, for it is united with the freshness and vigor of youth. Its selections are above all praise, because they never grow old. Its pages are filled with the choicest productions of the best writers of the day, and its subscription list is a constantly increasing one. The Living Age is indeed a casket of literary gems, which it cannot be otherwise than a delight to open. The literary shrewd will supply a constant feast in years to come."

From a clergyman in Massachusetts, of much literary experience.—"In the formation of my mind and character, I owe as much to 'The Living Age' as to all other sources of education put together."

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, at $8 a year, free of postage. An extra number sent gratis to any one getting up a club of seven new subscribers.

Address LITTELL & GAY,
30 Bromfield Street, Boston.

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

Where this article is known it is a word of supererogation to say one word in its favor, so well is it established as an unfailing remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, diseases of the throat, chest, and lungs, as well as that most dreaded of all diseases, Consumption, which high medical authority has pronounced to be an incurable disease. Those who have used this remedy know its value; those who have not have but to make a single trial to be satisfied that this is THE REMEDY.

The Rev. Jacob Seechler, well known and much respected among the German population of this country, writes as follows:

HANOVER, Pa., Feb. 16, 1859.

MESSRS S. W. FOWLE & SON, BOSTON:

DEAR SIRS—Having realized in my family important benefits from the use of your valuable preparation of WILD CHERRY, I take pleasure in recommending it to the public. Some eight years ago one of my daughters was taken to her bed, and little hopes of her recovery were entertained. I then procured a bottle of your excellent Balsam, and before she had taken the whole of it there was a great improvement in her health. I have, in my individual case, made frequent use of your valuable medicine, and have always been benefited by it. Feeling grateful, I consider the public against my position, because there is a good deal of spurious Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry afloat throughout the country.

Some genuine unless signed "I. BUTTS" on the wrapper.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont Street, Boston, and for sale by druggists generally.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE.—Fro a Mr. Jas. Curtin, of Amesbury, Mass.

DEAR SIR—I had a felon on one of my fingers, and tried many remedies without relief. My friends induced me to apply your Salve. In two days it extracted the inflammation from my finger, and entirely cured me in one week's time. I can almost say that the Salve works like magic, for it effected a cure without leaving a scar. I strongly recommend it to those who want an excellent remedy, and do not doubt it will be appreciated throughout the land."

ONLY 25 CENTS A BOX.

SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston, Proprietors. Sold by apothecaries and grocers generally.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice: That on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Peter S. Harman, of Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Exchange Hotel, in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, before Edward Overton, Jr., Register, on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock p. m.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal.
By E. B. COOLBAUGH, Deputy.
Dec. 6'67-3t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice; that on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1867, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Josiah B. Dodson, of the Borough of Berwick in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Exchange Hotel, in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, before Edward Overton, Jr., Register, on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock p. m.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal.
Dec. 6'67-3t. By E. B. COOLBAUGH, Deputy.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF THE COUNTY OF COLUMBIA. Estate of Joseph Paxton, late of Catawissa township, deceased. The undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to report distribution of the balance in the hands of George Hughes, John Sharpless and Lloyd Paxton, Administrators of Joseph Paxton, deceased, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment, at his office, in Bloomsburg, in said county, on Thursday, the 23d day of January, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., of that day. All the parties interested are requested to attend on that day or be forever debarred from coming in for a part or share of said fund.

E. H. LITTLE, Auditor.
Bloomsburg, Dec. 6, 1867-3t.

IN THE ORPHANS'

2276 From Wellsboro', by Pine Creek, Gaines, Pike Mills, West Pike, Brookland, and Sweden, to Cowdersport, 45½ miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Wellsboro' Monday and Thursday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Cowdersport Thursday and Friday by 4 p m;
Leave Cowdersport Wednesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Wellsboro' Thursday and Monday by 12 m.

2277 From Wellsboro', by Charity Flats, to Mansfield, 13 miles and back three times a week.
Leave Wellsboro' Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Mansfield by 12 m;
Leave Mansfield Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 2.30 p m;
Arrive at Wellsboro' by 6.30 p m.

2278 From Tioga, by Bailey's Creek, (n. o.) Rowland, and Austinville, to Columbia Cross Roads, 19 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Tioga Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Columbia Cross Roads by 3 p m;
Leave Columbia Cross Roads Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 4 p m;
Arrive at Tioga by 8 p m.

2279 From Tioga, by Maple Ridge and Hammond's Creek, to Seely's Creek, 15½ miles and back, once a week.
Leave Tioga Monday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Seely's Creek by 6 p m;
Leave Seely's Creek Monday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Tioga by 12 m.

2280 From Elk Run to Gray's Valley, 2 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Elk Run Tuesday and Saturday at 2.30 p m;
Arrive at Gray's Valley by 3.15 p m;
Leave Gray's Valley Tuesday and Saturday at 3.45 p m;
Arrive at Elk Run by 4.30 p m.

2281 From Tioga, by Farmington Hill and Farmington Centre, to Osceola, 15 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Tioga Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at [illegible] m;
Arrive at Osceola by [illegible] m;
Leave Osceola Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at [illegible] m;
Arrive at Tioga by 2p m.

2282 From Middlebury Centre, by Keeneyville, Chatham Valley, Little Marsh, and Rose Hill, to Westfield, 17 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Middlebury Centre Tuesday and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Westfield by 12 m;
Leave Westfield Tuesday and Saturday at [illegible] p m;
Arrive at Middlebury Centre by 7 p m.

2283 From Keeneyville, by Treat's Corners, (n. o.) to Knoxville, 13 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Keeneyville Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Knoxville by 11 a m;
Leave Knoxville Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Keeneyville by 4 p m.

2284 From Lawrenceville, by Nelson, Elkland, Osceola, Knoxville, and Cowanesque Valley, to Westfield, 28½ miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Lawrenceville daily, except Sunday, at 6 a m;
Arrive at Westfield by 1 p m;
Leave Westfield daily, except Sunday, at 6 a m;
Arrive at Lawrenceville by 1 p m.

2285 From Gaines, by Marshfield and Germania, to Carter Camp, 16 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Gaines Tuesday and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Carter Camp by 12 m;
Leave Carter Camp Tuesday and Friday at [illegible] p m;
Arrive at Gaines by 6 p m.

2286 From Chatham Valley, by Darius Sayles and Roswell Ackley's, to Westfield, 12 miles and back, once a week.
This route is covered by advertisement—route 2282.

2287 From Keeneyville, by Treat's Corners (n. o.) to Knoxville.
Covered by advertisement—route 2283.

2288 From Blossburg, by Cedarhurst, to Bearing Branch, 12 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Blossburg Monday and Wednesday at 2.30 p m;
Arrive at Bearing Branch by 6.30 p m;
Leave Bearing Branch Monday and Wednesday at 9.30 a m;
Arrive at Blossburg by 1.30 p m.
Proposals for more frequent service also invited.

2289 From Tioga, by Farmington Hill and Farmington Centre, to Osceola.
This is covered by advertisement on route 2281.

2290 From H. Vermilleyer's, (Gaines,) by Long Run and Sabinsville, to Westfield, 11 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Gaines Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Sabinsville by 10 a m;
Leave Sabinsville Wednesday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Gaines by [illegible] p m.
Separate proposals invited for that part of the route from Gaines to Sabinsville.

2291 From Ulysses, by Turner Creek, to Bingham, 6 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Ulysses Tuesday at [illegible] m;
Arrive at Bingham by 12 m;
Leave Bingham Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Ulysses by 3 p m.

2292 From Brookland, by Ulysses Centre and Ulysses, to Genesee Forks, 14 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Brookland Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Genesee Forks by 12 m;
Leave Genesee Forks Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Brookland by 6 p m.

2293 From Pike Mills, by Sunderlinville, Mixtown, and Sabinsville, to Westfield, 18 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Pike Mills Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Westfield by 12 m;
Leave Westfield Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Pike Mills by 7 p m.

2294 From Cowdersport, by Roulette, Burtville and Port Allegheny, to Smethport, 28 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Cowdersport Monday and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Smethport by 3 p m;
Leave Smethport Tuesday and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Cowdersport by 3 p m.

2295 From Cowdersport, by Colesburg, Ellisburg, Genesee Forks, Shongo, and Stannard's Run, to Wellsville, 30 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Cowdersport Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Wellsville by 6 p m;
Leave Wellsville Monday, Wednesday, and Friday on arrival of New York express mail—say at 10 a m;
Arrive at Cowdersport by 8 p m.

2296 From Cowdersport, by Hebron, Clara, Millport, Sharon Centre, and Shingle House, to Ceres, 24 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Cowdersport Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Ceres by 3 p m;
Leave Ceres Tuesday and Friday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Cowdersport by 6 p m.

2297 From Cowdersport, by Ayer's Hill, Homer, East Homer, South Wharton, Wharton, and East Fork, to Shunahemming, 38 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Cowdersport Monday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Shunahemming by 5 p m;
Leave Shunahemming Tuesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Cowdersport by 7 p m.

2298 From Colesburg to Raymond's, 5 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Colesburg Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11 a m, or on arrival of mail from Cowdersport;
Arrive at Raymond by 12 m;
Leave Raymond's Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Colesburg by 9 a m.

2299 From Cowdersport, by Sweden Valley and Carter Camp, to Kettle Creek, 2 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Cowdersport Tuesday and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Kettle Creek by 4 p m;
Leave Kettle Creek Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Cowdersport by 4 p m.

2301 From Bartville, by Williston, Austin Creek, and Glenn to Ceres, 28 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Bartville Saturday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Ceres by 12 m;
Leave Ceres Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Bartville by 8 p m.

2302 From Cowdersport, by Roulette, Burtville and Port Allegheny, to Smethport, 28 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Cowdersport daily, except Sunday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Emporium by 4 p m;
Leave Emporium daily, except Sunday, at 8 a m;
Arrive at Cowdersport by 4 p m.

2303 From Ulysses, by Harrison Valley, to Westfield, 14 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Ulysses Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Harrison Valley by 3 p m;
Leave Harrison Valley Saturday at 4 p m;
Arrive at Ulysses by 6 p m.
Separate proposals invited for that part of the route between Ulysses and Harrison Valley.

2304 From Muncy, by Moreland, Lairdsville, and Unityville, to Dalkville, 24 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Muncy Wednesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Dalkville by 4 p m;
Leave Dalkville Tuesday and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Muncy by 4 p m.

2305 From Waterville to Haneyville, 7 miles and back, once a week
Leave Waterville Thursday at 11 a m;
Arrive at Haneyville by 1 p m;
Leave Haneyville Thursday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Waterville by 10 a m.

2306 From Jersey Shore, by Phelps' Mills, to Haneyville, 15 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Jersey Shore Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Haneyville by 12 m;
Leave Haneyville Thursday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Jersey Shore by 6 p m.

2307 From Williamsport, by Warrenaville, Loyal Sock, Hoagland's Mills, Hill's Grove, Forksville, and Shrader, to Dushore, 50 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Williamsport Friday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Dushore Saturday by 6 p m;
Leave Dushore Thursday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Williamsport Friday by 9 a m.

2308 From Williamsport, by Montoursville, 8½ miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Williamsport daily, except Sunday, at 7 p m;
Arrive at Montoursville by 8 p m;
Leave Montoursville daily, except Sunday, at 8 p m;
Arrive at Williamsport by 9 p m.

2309 From Cogan Station, by Cogan House, to White Pine, 15 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Cogan Station Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at White Pine by 11 a m;
Leave White Pine Saturday at 12 m;
Arrive at Cogan Station by 4 p m.

2310 From Trout Run, by Liberty, to Blossburg, 25 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Trout Run Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Blossburg by 4 p m;
Leave Blossburg Monday, Wednesday, and Friday on arrival of cars in the Corning—say at 11.30 a m;
Arrive at Trout Run by 6 p m.

2311 From Jersey Shore, by Larry's Creek, Salladasburg, and White Pine, to English Centre, 22 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Jersey Shore Tuesday and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at English Centre by 12 m;
Leave English Centre Tuesday and Friday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Jersey Shore by 7 p m.

2312 From Jersey Shore, by Phelps' Mills Woolen Mill, Jersey Mills, Pardee Eddy, Cedar Run, Morris, and Stony Fork, to Wellsboro', 34 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Jersey Shore Monday and Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Wellsboro' Tuesday and Friday by 12 m;
Leave Wellsboro' Tuesday and Friday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Jersey Shore Wednesday and Saturday by 7 p m.

2313 From Nippenose, by Rauch's Gap and Collomsville, to Bastress, 11 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Nippenose Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Bastress by 11 a m;
Leave Bastress Wednesday and Saturday at 11 a m;
Arrive at Nippenose by 2 p m.

2314 From Muncy, by Hughesville, Picture Rocks, Tivoli, Muncy Bottom, and Somestown, to Laporte, 26 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Muncy daily, except Sunday at 7 p m;
Arrive at Hughesville by 8 p m.
Leave Hughesville daily, except Sunday, at 7 a m;
Arrive at Laporte by 12 m;
Leave Lapo te daily, except Sunday, at 1.30 p m;
Arrive at Mu cy by 8 p m.

2315 From Muncy, by Wolf Run and Hunterstville, to Bill's Grove, 21 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Muncy Tuesday at 12 m;
Arrive at Bill's Grove by 7 p m;
Leave Bill's Grove Wednesday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Muncy by 12 m.

2316 From English Centre, by Texas and Newton, to Liberty, 17 miles and back, once a week.
Leave English Centre Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Liberty by 11 a m;
Leave Liberty Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at English Centre by 4 p m.

2317 From Trout Run to Rose's Valley, Wolfe Run, and Lacyville, to Barbour's Mills, 24 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Trout Run Tuesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Barbour's Mills by 2 p m;
Leave Barbour's Mills Monday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Trout Run by 6 p m.

2318 From Linden station, (n. o.) to Linden, two mails and one ex press each way daily, in schedule accordance with trains on the Philadelphia and Erie R. R., and to be established by the Department.

2319 From Antes Fort to Nippenose, 2 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Nippenose Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Antes Fort by 8 a m;
Leave Antes Fort Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Nippenose by 10 a m.

2320 From Antes Fort to Jersey Shore, 3 miles and back, 3 times a week.
Schedule making close connection with mail to be arranged to the satisfaction of the postmasters.

2321 From Mcdonnaville, by Log Tunnel, Fairland Centre, (n. o.) and Wolf Run, to Muncy, 22 miles and back once a week.
Leave Mcdonnaville Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Muncy by 2 p m;
Leave Muncy Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Mcdonnaville by 2 p m.
Proposals also invited to carry it to Wolf Run.

2322 From Sugar Valley to Carroll, 7 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Sugar Valley Saturday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Carroll by 4 p m;
Leave Carroll Saturday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Sugar Valley by 11 a m.

2323 From Lock Haven, by Flemington, Mill Hall, Salona, Cedar Springs, Parvin, Lamar, Nittany, Huntersburg, and Zion, to Bellefonte, 27 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Lock Haven daily, except Sunday, at 5 p m;
Arrive at Bellefonte by 11.30 a m;
Leave Bellefonte daily, except Sunday, at 1 p m;
Arrive at Lock Haven by 10 p m.

2324 From Lock Haven to Island, 2½ miles and back, once a week.
Leave Lock Haven Saturday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Island by 11 a m;
Leave Island Saturday at 11.30 a m;
Arrive at Lock Haven by 12.30 p m.

2325 From Westport, by Leidy, Hammersley's Fork, and Cross Fork, to Kettle Creek, 30 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Westport Tuesday and Friday at 6.30 a m;
Leave Kettle Creek Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Westport by 7 p m.

2326 From Mckibbin to Chatham Run, 2 miles and back, six times a week.
Schedule, making close connection with the railroad, to be arranged to the satisfaction of the postmaster.

2327 From Salona to Lamar Mills, (n. o.) 2 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Salona Saturday at 5 p m;
Arrive at Lamar Mills by 6 p m;
Leave Lamar Mills Saturday at 4 p m;
Arrive at Salona by 4 p m.

2328 From Ridgeway, by Kersey's, Caledonia, and Tyler's, to Penfield, 27 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Ridgeway Tuesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Penfield by 6 p m;
Leave Penfield Monday and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Ridgeway by 3 p m.

2329 From Wilcox, by Kason, to Smithport, 22 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Wilcox Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Smithport by 4 p m;
Leave Smithport Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Wilcox by 4 p m.

2330 From Wilcox, by Williamsville and Sergeant, to Clermontville, 15 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Wilcox Saturday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Clermontville by 7 p m;
Leave Clermontville Sunday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Wilcox by 1 p m.

2331 From Caledonia, by Benezette, Dent's Run, and Rich's Run, to Second Fork, 22 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Caledonia Friday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Second Fork by 4 p m;
Leave Second Fork Saturday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Caledonia by 4 p m.

2332 From Smethport, by Colegrove, to Norwich, 11 miles and back, twice a week
Leave Smethport Wednesday and Saturday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Norwich by 6 p m;
Leave Norwich Wednesday and Saturday at [illegible] m;
Arrive at Smethport by 12 m.

2333 From Smethport, by Farmer's Valley, Arrawi, Allegheny Ridge, and State Line Mills, Portville, 26 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Smethport Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Portville by 4 p m;
Leave Portville Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Smethport by 4 p m.

2334 From Alton, by La Fayette, to Eldred, 9 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Alton Tuesday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Eldred by 1 p m;
Leave Eldred Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Alton by 4 p m.

2335 From Alton to Smethport, 9 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Alton daily, except Sunday, at 6 p m;
Arrive at Smethport by 9 p m;
Leave Smethport daily, except Sunday, at 5 a m;
Arrive at Alton by 8 a m.

2336 From Kasson, by Keller and New Highland, to Marionville, 6 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Kasson Tuesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Marionville by 8 p m;
Leave Marionville Thursday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Kasson by 8 p m.

2337 From Canaweacy, by Canoe Ridge, Hortons, and Cash, to Cheat, 17½ miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Canaweacy Monday and Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Cheat by 7 p m;
Leave Cheat Monday and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Canaweacy by 12 m.

2338 From Reynoldsville to Rockdale Mills, 8 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Reynoldsville Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Rockdale Mills by 3.30 p m;
Leave Rockdale Mills Saturday at 4.30 a m;
Arrive at Reynoldsville by 11 a m.

2339 From Punxsutawney, by Frostburg, Spankle's Mills, Worthville, and Packer, to Summerville, 22 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Punxsutawney Wednesday and Saturday 1 p m;
Arrive at Summerville by 1 p m;
Leave Summerville Wednesday and Saturday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Punxsutawney by 9 p m.

2340 From Brookville, by Sigel and Clarington, to Marionville, 30 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Brookville Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Marionville by 5 p m;
Leave Marionville Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Brookville by 5 p m.

2341 From Worthville to Ringgold, 9½ miles and back, once a week.
Leave Worthville Saturday at 5 p m;
Arrive at Ringgold by 6 p m;
Leave Ringgold Saturday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Worthville by 3 p m.

2342 From Brookville, by Summersville, Shannondale, Kerr's Store, New Bethlehem, Oakland, and Red Bank Furnace, to Orrsville, 31 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Brookville daily, except Sunday, at 1 a m;
Arrive at Orrsville by 1 p m;
Leave Orrsville daily, except Sunday, at 11 a m;
Arrive at Brookville by 8 p m.

2343 From Brookville, by Warsaw, Brockwayville, Little Toby, and Hellen, to Ridgeway, 28 miles and back, six times a week.
Arrive at Ridgeway by 6 p m;
Leave Ridgeway daily, except Sunday, at 6 a m;
Arrive at Ridgeway by 6 p m;
Leave Ridgeway daily, except Sunday, at 6 a m;
Arrive at Brookville by 6 p m.

2344 From Brookville, by Richardsville, Schaffner's Corner, and Arroyo, to Ridgeway, 31 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Brookville Thursday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Ridgeway by 3 p m;
Leave Ridgeway Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Brookville by 3 p m.

2345 From Marionville, by North Pine Grove, to Tyrone, 12 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Marionville Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Tyrone by 3 p m;
Leave Tyrone Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Marionville by 12 m.

2346 From Clarington, by Millston and Haught's Mills, to Arroyo, 18 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Clarington Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Arroyo by 12 m;
Leave Arroyo Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Clarington by 6 p m.

2347 From Kane, by Corydon, Onoville, and Friends Ferry, to Steamburg, 19½ miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Kane Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Steamburg by 12 m;
Leave Steamburg Tuesday Thursday, and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Kane by 7 p m.

2348 From Warren, by Lander, to Rusti, (N. Y.) 15 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Warren Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Rusti by 7 p m;
Leave Rusti Wednesday and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Warren by 12 m.

2349 From Youngsville, by Chandler's Valley, Singer Grove, and Rusti, N. Y., to Jamestown, 17 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Youngsville daily, except Sunday, at 7 a m;
Arrive at Jamestown by 12 m;
Leave Jamestown daily, except Sunday, at 1 p m;
Arrive at Youngsville by 6 p m.

2350 From Pittsfield, by Freeland and Lottsville, to Broken Straw, 15½ miles and back, 6 times a week.
Leave Pittsfield daily, except Sunday, at 9 a m;
Arrive at Broken Straw by 1 p m;
Leave Broken Straw daily, except Sunday, at 2 p m;
Arrive at Pittsfield by 6 p m.

2351 From Spring Creek, by West Spring Creek, to Eagle, 12 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Spring Creek Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Eagle by 5 p m;
Leave Eagle Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Spring Creek by 12 m.

2352 From Germany to Warren, 9 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Germany Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Warren by 12 m;
Leave Warren Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Germany by 1 p m.

2353 From Smethport Depot to Sheffield, 2 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Smethport daily, except Sunday, at 2 p m;
Arrive at Sheffield by 3 p m;
Leave Sheffield daily, except Sunday, at 4 p m;
Arrive at Smethport Depot by 5 p m.

2354 From Sugar Grove to Watts' Station, Watts' Flats post office, 7 miles and back once a week.
Leave Sugar Grove Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Watts' Flats by 9 a m;
Leave Watts' Flats Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Sugar Grove by 6 p m.
Proposals invited for three times a week service.

2355 From President's Furnace, by Lineville and Lyndon, to Lyndonville, 17 miles and back, once a week.
Leave President's Furnace Wednesday and Saturday at 11 p m;
Arrive at Lyndonville by 5 p m;
Leave Lyndonville Wednesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at President's Furnace by 12 m.

2356 From Agnew's Mills, by Lamartine, Jefferson Turnpike, and Rhea, to Shippensville, 15 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Agnew's Mills Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Shippensville by 12 m;
Leave Shippensville Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Agnew's Mills by 7 p m.

2357 From Edenburg, by Ellsworth, Lawrenceburg, to Miner's Ferry, to Brady's Bend, 14 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Edenburg Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 12 m;
Arrive at Brady's Bend by 6 p m;
Leave Brady's Bend Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Edenburg by 12 m.

2358 From Franklin, by Polk, Maple Grove, Hoaders, Cherrytree, and Sutherland to Mercer, 24 miles and back, four times a week.
Leave Franklin Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mercer by 12 m;
Leave Mercer Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Franklin by 6 p m.

2359 From Tionesta, by Stewart's Run and Leeper, to Perry, 25½ miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Tionesta Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 12 m;
Arrive at Perry by 7 p m;
Leave Perry Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Tionesta by 7 p m.

2360 From Tionesta, by Hamlin Creek, New Lebanon, New Vernon, Shoal Creek, and Salem, to Greenville, 35 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Union Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Greenville by 5 p m.
Leave Greenville Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Union by 2.30 p m.

2361 From Seneca, by Ten Mile Bottom, to Fertig's, 10 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Seneca Wednesday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Fertig's by 12 m;
Leave Fertig's Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Seneca by 4 p m.

2362 From Laytonia, by Seneca, Cranberry, Rockland, Pittsville, Porterfield, and Agnew's Mills, to Emlenton, 32 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Laytonia Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Emlenton by 1 p m;
Leave Emlenton Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Laytonia by 8 p m.

2363 From Utica, by Cabot, Cooperstown, Sunville, and Wallaceville, to Plum, 30 miles and back, six times a week to Cooperstown, and back, three times a week.
Leave Sheffield daily, except Sunday, at 2 p m;
Arrive at Sheffield Depot by 3 p m;
Leave Sheffield Depot daily, except Sunday, at 4 p m;
Arrive at Sheffield by 5 p m.

2364 From Sugar Grove to Watts' Station, Watts' Flats post office, 7 miles and back once a week.
Leave Sugar Grove Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Watts' Flats by 9 a m;
Leave Watts' Flats Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Sugar Grove by 6 p m.
Proposals invited for three times a week service.

2365 From President's Furnace, by Lineville and Lyndonville, to Lyndonville, 17 miles and back, once a week.
Leave President's Furnace Wednesday and Saturday at 11 p m;
Arrive at Lyndonville by 5 p m;
Leave Lyndonville Wednesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at President's Furnace by 12 m.

2366 From Agnew's Mills, by Lamartine, Jefferson Turnpike, and Rhea, to Shippensville, 15 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Agnew's Mills Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Shippensville by 12 m;
Leave Shippensville Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Agnew's Mills by 7 p m.

2367 From Edenburg, by Ellsworth, Lawrenceburg, to Miner's Ferry, to Brady's Bend, 14 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Edenburg Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 12 m;
Arrive at Brady's Bend by 6 p m;
Leave Brady's Bend Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Edenburg by 12 m.

2368 From Franklin, by Polk, Maple Grove, Hoaders, Cherrytree, and Sutherland to Mercer, 24 miles and back, four times a week.
Leave Franklin Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mercer by 12 m;
Leave Mercer Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Franklin by 6 p m.

2369 From Tionesta, by Stewart's Run and Leeper, to Perry, 25½ miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Tionesta Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 12 m;
Arrive at Perry by 7 p m;
Leave Perry Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Tionesta by 7 p m.

2370 From Tionesta, by Hamlin Creek, New Lebanon, New Vernon, Shoal Creek, and Salem, to Greenville, 35 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Union Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Greenville by 5 p m.
Leave Greenville Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Union by 2.30 p m.

2371 From Seneca, by Ten Mile Bottom, to Fertig's, 10 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Seneca Wednesday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Fertig's by 12 m;
Leave Fertig's Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Seneca by 4 p m.

2372 From Laytonia, by Seneca, Cranberry, Rockland, Pittsville, Porterfield, and Agnew's Mills, to Emlenton, 32 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Laytonia Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Emlenton by 1 p m;
Leave Emlenton Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Laytonia by 8 p m.

2373 From Utica, by Cabot, Cooperstown, Sunville, and Wallaceville, to Plum, 30 miles and back, six times a week to Cooperstown, and back, three times a week.
Leave Sheffield daily, except Sunday, at 2 p m;
Arrive at Sheffield Depot by 3 p m;
Leave Sheffield Depot daily, except Sunday, at 4 p m;
Arrive at Sheffield by 5 p m.

2374 From Sugar Grove to Watts' Station, Watts' Flats post office, 7 miles and back once a week.
Leave Sugar Grove Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Watts' Flats by 9 a m;
Leave Watts' Flats Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Sugar Grove by 6 p m.
Proposals invited for three times a week service.

2375 From President's Furnace, by Lineville and Lyndonville, to Lyndonville, 17 miles and back, once a week.
Leave President's Furnace Wednesday and Saturday at 11 p m;
Arrive at Lyndonville by 5 p m;
Leave Lyndonville Wednesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at President's Furnace by 12 m.

2376 From Agnew's Mills, by Lamartine, Jefferson Turnpike, and Rhea, to Shippensville, 15 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Agnew's Mills Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Shippensville by 12 m;
Leave Shippensville Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Agnew's Mills by 7 p m.

2377 From Edenburg, by Ellsworth, Lawrenceburg, to Miner's Ferry, to Brady's Bend, 14 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Edenburg Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 12 m;
Arrive at Brady's Bend by 6 p m;
Leave Brady's Bend Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Edenburg by 12 m.

2378 From Franklin, by Polk, Maple Grove, Hoaders, Cherrytree, and Sutherland to Mercer, 24 miles and back, four times a week.
Leave Franklin Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mercer by 12 m;
Leave Mercer Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Franklin by 6 p m.

2379 From Tionesta, by Stewart's Run and Leeper, to Perry, 25½ miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Tionesta Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 12 m;
Arrive at Perry by 7 p m;
Leave Perry Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Tionesta by 7 p m.

2380 From Tionesta, by Hamlin Creek, New Lebanon, New Vernon, Shoal Creek, and Salem, to Greenville, 35 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Union Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Greenville by 5 p m.
Leave Greenville Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Union by 2.30 p m.

2381 From Seneca, by Ten Mile Bottom, to Fertig's, 10 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Seneca Wednesday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Fertig's by 12 m;
Leave Fertig's Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Seneca by 4 p m.

2382 From Laytonia, by Seneca, Cranberry, Rockland, Pittsville, Porterfield, and Agnew's Mills, to Emlenton, 32 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Laytonia Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Emlenton by 1 p m;
Leave Emlenton Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Laytonia by 8 p m.

2383 From Utica, by Cabot, Cooperstown, Sunville, and Wallaceville, to Plum, 30 miles and back, six times a week to Cooperstown, and back, three times a week.
Leave Sheffield daily, except Sunday, at 2 p m;
Arrive at Sheffield Depot by 3 p m;
Leave Sheffield Depot daily, except Sunday, at 4 p m;
Arrive at Sheffield by 5 p m.

2384 From Sugar Grove to Watts' Station, Watts' Flats post office, 7 miles and back once a week.
Leave Sugar Grove Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Watts' Flats by 9 a m;
Leave Watts' Flats Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Sugar Grove by 6 p m.
Proposals invited for three times a week service.

2385 From President's Furnace, by Lineville and Lyndonville, to Lyndonville, 17 miles and back, once a week.
Leave President's Furnace Wednesday and Saturday at 11 p m;
Arrive at Lyndonville by 5 p m;
Leave Lyndonville Wednesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at President's Furnace by 12 m.

2386 From Agnew's Mills, by Lamartine, Jefferson Turnpike, and Rhea, to Shippensville, 15 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Agnew's Mills Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Shippensville by 12 m;
Leave Shippensville Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Agnew's Mills by 7 p m.

2387 From Edenburg, by Ellsworth, Lawrenceburg, to Miner's Ferry, to Brady's Bend, 14 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Edenburg Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 12 m;
Arrive at Brady's Bend by 6 p m;
Leave Brady's Bend Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Edenburg by 12 m.

2388 From Franklin, by Polk, Maple Grove, Hoaders, Cherrytree, and Sutherland to Mercer, 24 miles and back, four times a week.
Leave Franklin Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mercer by 12 m;
Leave Mercer Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Franklin by 6 p m.

2389 From Tionesta, by Stewart's Run and Leeper, to Perry, 25½ miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Tionesta Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 12 m;
Arrive at Perry by 7 p m;
Leave Perry Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Tionesta by 7 p m.

2390 From Hamlin Creek, New Lebanon, New Vernon, Shoal Creek, and Salem, to Greenville, 35 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Union Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Greenville by 5 p m.
Leave Greenville Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Union by 2.30 p m.

2391 From Spring Creek, by West Spring Creek, to Eagle, 12 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Spring Creek Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Eagle by 5 p m;
Leave Eagle Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Spring Creek by 12 m.

2392 From Germany to Warren, 9 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Germany Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Warren by 12 m;
Leave Warren Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Germany by 1 p m.

2393 From Smethport Depot to Sheffield, 2 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Smethport daily, except Sunday, at 2 p m;
Arrive at Sheffield by 3 p m;
Leave Sheffield daily, except Sunday, at 4 p m;
Arrive at Smethport Depot by 5 p m.

2394 From Sugar Grove to Watts' Station, Watts' Flats post office, 7 miles and back once a week.
Leave Sugar Grove Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Watts' Flats by 9 a m;
Leave Watts' Flats Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Sugar Grove by 6 p m.
Proposals invited for three times a week service.

2395 From President's Furnace, by Lineville and Lyndonville, to Lyndonville, 17 miles and back, once a week.
Leave President's Furnace Wednesday and Saturday at 11 p m;
Arrive at Lyndonville by 5 p m;
Leave Lynd

W ADVERTISEMENTS.

ELSIOR DIALOGUES,
iting of New and Original first-class colloquies, etc., for advanced speakers ols, Exhibition rooms and private theatricals. Every line written expressly for this book ds of Professional teachers and writers, pledged to be the best work of the kind published. Cloth, nearly 400 closely-printed pages. Price $1.75, mailed free. Address P. GARRETT & CO., Publishers, 702 Chestnut St., Phila.

NTED!
TWO HUNDRED FARMERS!
e in a light and honorable business for er months, in the vicinity where they which will net them from $50 to $100 per

rticulars apply to or address PARMELEE & CO., 722 Ranson St., Philadelphia Pa.

NTED.—
Farmers to engage in a business that from $100 to $150 per month from now ing. Address JOHNS BROS & CO., Philadelphia.

DARD MILLING MACHINE
IMPROVED CONSTRUCTION, great large capacity, unrivaled convenience ment. Also, pipe vices, with and with jaw, and vises of all sizes, for heavy and . Send to the UNION VICE COMPANY, Boston, Mass., for illustrated circular. by dealers in hardware and machinery.

T MORTGAGE BONDS.
S & IRON MOUNTAIN RAILROAD CO. per cent. Interest, February and August. Bonds cover a load of 91 miles, finished Louisto Pilot Knob, and in first-class order an extension of about the same length t Knob to Belmont, now rapidly completing, for which the proceeds of these bonds issued, making a through route from St. New Orleans by rail. The earnings of ties are $600,000 a year; the net profits sufficient to pay the interest on the entire amount of bonds, were they all issued. The security is believed to be beyond that of r bonds now offered. Apply at the Office ompany, No. 15 Wall st., to H. G. MARVIN, Vice President, or to CLARK, DODGE & Corner of Wall and William sts., N. Y. City.

TURY TOBACCO.
PACKED / THIS BRAND
DAILY, One $.00 Note, Two Fifties, Five Twenties, Ten Tens, Twenty Fives, Fifty Twos, LORILLARD, 20 Chambers St., NEW YORK.
☞We have not discontinued, nor do we intend to cease packing $100 Daily in papers of Century Tobacco, reportstanding.
☞We are making the Century from the choicest leaf it is free from drugs, and is in every respect, the Best Fine Cut Tobacco manufactured. Sold by all respectable jobbers.

ADAM FOY'S
CORSET SKIRT
SUPPORTER

Combines in one garment a perfect fitting Corset, and the most desirable Skirt Supporter ever offered the public. It places the weight of the skirts upon the shoulders instead of the hips: it improves the form without tight lacing; gives ease and elegance; is approved and recommended by physicians. Sold at fancy goods store generally, and at wholesale by D. B. SAUNDERS & CO., 36 Maiden Lane, N. Y., and 22 Walker St., New York. Also, by C. J. MOORE, 29 Market Street, Phila., and GUMANN, HINRICHS & CO., 21 Hanover st. Baltimore, Md.

ANTED AN AGENT—
One chance in each town, worthy the attention of an active business man, to take the agency for the sale of Bradstreet's Rubber Mounted All Weather strips, applied by the sales, between sash and centre and window sashes. The best thing beyond anything ever offered before to the public, and from $10 to $25 per day can be made. For agents' circular. The first who apply secure a bargain. Terms for Mounting cash. A. B. BRADSTREET & CO., Boston, Mass.

5 TO $25 PER DAY SURE.
Agents wanted every where, to sell our Everlasting White wire Clothes-lines. Every wife should use it."—N. Y. Tribune. "We have seen it used and it gives satisfaction."—Christian Advocate. "The Patent White Wire is all it purports to be."—N. Y. Independent. Address the AMERICAN WIRE CO., 311 Broadway New York.

STILL LIVE!
n't be humbugged by Impostors or "just as good" articles. Send for "Stencil tools," Send for New Catalogue of Improved Stencil Dies, Brass Rules all of Steel, carefully finished and warranted. S. M. SPENCER & CO., Brattleboro, Vt.

A DAY MADE BY ANYONE,
with my Patent Stencil Tools. I prepay freight. Beware of infringers. My circulars explain. Address A. J. Fulham, Springfield, Vermont.

OLUTION IN TRADE!
yon will be astonished at the value of all goods sent by the well known and justly praised firm GRAHAM & CO.,

FOR ONLY ONE DOLLAR!
Silk, Merino and Alpaca Dresses, Balmorals, Linen Goods, Embossed Table Covers, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, Sewing Machines etc. This is no humbug, but to introduce our goods, we will send you clubs of ten and upwards, for which, according to the amounts forwarded, we will send the following splendid list up of the club will receive a valuable present, worth from $3 to $30, according to number of names sent. Agents wanted in every town. Circulars sent free. Address, GRAHAM & CO., 81 & 83 Federal St., Boston.

CULARS SENT FREE!!
ntaining Lists of Dry and Fancy Goods, Silver Plated Ware, Cutlery, &c., etc., to be sold for ONE DOLLAR for each article. Great inducements to Agents. PLUMMER & MOULTON, 5 Marshall Street, Boston, Mass.

E ARE COMING,
ill present to any person sending us our Great One Dollar sale of Dry and Fancy Goods, &c., a Silk Dress Pattern, Piece of Sheeting, &c., free of cost. Catalogue of goods, sent to any address free.
Address J. S. HAWES & CO., 39 Hanover street, Boston, Mass.
7-1m. P. O. Box 3125.

THE BEST CHANCE EVER OFFERED!
two day's time will secure a good Sewing Machine, Watch, Silk Dress, Revolver, or something of equal value, Free of Cost!
Is wanted every where, male and female, best pawnbroker's Sale in the country. Send for Circular. S. C. THOMPSON & CO., 31 Exchange St., Boston, Mass.

E RICHEST MAN IN THE
ORLD.
ACT OF A LETTER FROM BARON SOLOMON ROTHSCHILD,
s, 8th April, 1864, 25 Rue Funby, St. Honore.
you be kind enough to have forwarded to ere 200 bottles of your Indian Liniment: I will send at the same time the amount. I will let you the amount through Messrs. Belmont, New York.
on Solomon Rothschild having recommended many of his friends Major LANE'S LINIMENT, and they being desirous to procure it, he did advise him to establish a depot in Paris.

THE INDIAN LINIMENT,
relief, ever ready; as a killer of pain, taken hardly, or outwardly applied, has no equal. the relief and cure of Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections, Sprains, Bruises, etc., it is unrivalled. It is also most efficacious, taken inwardly, in the cure of Cholera, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Sick Headache, etc., and it is, without exception the most wonderful Panacea the world affords. No Family should be without it. Every traveler by land or sea should have a bottle. Miners and Farmers residing at a distance from physicians should keep it constantly on hand. Cases of Accidents, and sudden attacks of Sickness and Pain, its value cannot be estimated. The demand for Major Lane's Indian Liniment, and there is no other. Price, 50 cts. per bottle. For sale wholesale and retail by Demas Barnes etc. Co., 21 Park Row, N. Y., Gale etc. Robinson, 186 Greenwich st. N. Y., F. C. Wells & Co., 182 Fulton st., N. Y., Chas. S. Crittenden, 77 6th Ave., N. Y., and by respectable Druggists throughout the world. None genuine unless signed by John Thos. Lane, and countersigned by J. T. Lane & Co., Proprietors 462 Broadway, N. Y. ☞Send for Circulars.

HE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!
HARVEST IS OVER!
THE YIELD IS GREAT!
PROSPERITY ABOUNDS!
WINTER IS COMING!
and now is the time to take
MOORE'S RURAL NEW-YORKER,
THE GREAT TOWN AND COUNTRY WEEKLY!
The Rural is the Leading and Largest Circulating Newspaper of its Class on the Continent,—Superior in Value and Variety of Contents and Beauty of appearance. It embraces more Agricultural, Horticultural, Scientific, Educational, Literary and News Matter, interspersed with Engravings, than any other Journal;—for it comprises Departments including
Agriculture, Choice Literature,
Horticulture, Science and Art,
Sheep Husbandry, Education,
Grazing, Dairying, Youth's Reading,
Rural Architecture, General News,
Domestic Economy, Commerce, Markets,
With Illustrations, Tales, Essays, Music, Poetry, Recipes, Enigmas, etc. etc.
THE RURAL NEW-YORKER is a National Journal, circulating largely in the East and West, North and South. It employs the best talent in all Departments. Its corps of Editors, Contributors, etc., comprises many of the best Farmers, Planters, Wool Growers, Grazers, Horticulturist, etc., and also Authors, Scholars, etc., of note and ability. In brief the Rural is Ably edited, Profusely Illustrated, Neatly Printed—Practical, Scientific, Useful—Moral, Instructive and Entertaining.
Wherever located,—in Country, Village or City,—
YOU WANT THE RURAL!
YOUR FAMILY AND FRIENDS WANT IT!
For it is adapted to the wants of all. Note that it is not a monthly, but a large and Beautiful Weekly, and that Vol. XIX will be materially Enlarged!
Each No. contains Eight Double Quarto Pages, printed in extra style,—Clear Type, Good Paper, and more and better Illustrations than any other Journal of its Class. A Title Page, Index, etc., at close of Volume.
Terms—Only $3 a year; to clubs of ten, $2.50 per copy. Vol XIX begins Jan. 4, 1868. Now is the time to Subscribe and Club. Great Offers to Clubs and Agents. Specimens, Show-Bills, Premium Lists, etc., sent free; and the 13 numbers of this Quarter, (Oct. to Jan.) on trial, for Only Fifty cents. Address D. D. T. MOORE, Rochester, N. Y.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

THE TRUE REMEDY AT LAST DISCOVERED. UPHAM'S FRESH MEAT PILL, prepared from the formula of Prof. Trousseau of Paris, cures Consumption, Lung Diseases, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Marasmus, General Debility and all morbid conditions of the system dependent on deficiency of vital force. It is pleasant to taste, and a single bottle will convince the most skeptical of its virtues as the great healing remedy of the age. $1 a bottle, or six bottles for $5, sent by Express. Sold by S. C. Upham, No. 25 South-st., Philadelphia, and principal Druggists. Circulars sent free.

AZYGOS!
Three magnificently illustrated Medical books, containing important Physiological information, for men and women, sent free on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing the Secretary of the New York Medical University, No. 39 Clinton place, New York City.

THE PAPER FOR THE MILLION!
The American Farmer, the Practical Farmer's Own Paper, the Cheapest and the Best Agricultural and Horticultural Journal in America. Beautifully Illustrated with Numerous Engravings of Farm Buildings, Animal, Fruit and Flowers. Now is the time to subscribe for the year 1868.
Only One Dollar a Year!
Agents wanted everywhere. For Club Price List of Valuable Prizes open to all, etc., address JOHN TURNER, Publisher & Proprietor, Rochester, N. Y.

VASSAR COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES. The Trustees of the Institution, desiring to extend the benefits of Mr. Vassar's munificent gift for the better education of young women, will admit, at any other time in the Collegiate year, students prepared to join College classes, charging expenses only from the date of their reception. Terms low; great facilities for education, such as Cabinets, Art Gallery, Library, Musical Conservatory, etc. For circulars containing full information, address J. N. SCHOU, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

MILLINERY GOODS.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY
has just received, at her old place on Main st., Bloomsburg, her
FALL AND WINTER STOCK
of millinery goods of every quality and style, consisting of
LATEST STYLE BONNETS,
of the very best material; together with the very best assortment of
TRIMMINGS, RIBBONS, &C.,
which are offered for sale at the lowest possible rates. Call and see.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 25, 1867.

SOMETHING NEW.
The undersigned begs leave to inform her friends and the public generally, that she has opened in
LIGHT STREET
a fresh stock
of goods in the line of
MILLINERY and TRIMMINGS
in connection with Dress Making; and is prepared in addition, to
COLOR STRAW HATS
on the shortest notice, and in the best style of the art. Prices cheap and work satisfactory.
MRS. E. KLINE.
Light Street, October 4, 1867.

NEW MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.
The Misses Harman would respectfully announce to their friends in town and country, that they have just received at their place of business on Main st., below American House, a large and new supply of
MILLINERY GOODS
of all descriptions suited for Fall and Winter Wear; including Bonnets of the latest styles, Ribbons, Trimmings of all sorts, and in fact keep a general furnishing store for ladies. Their patterns and styles are among the latest, and the prices but a trifle in advance of those in the City. Do not fail to call and examine their goods before purchasing elsewhere.
Nov. 1, 1867.

SOMETHING NEW
AT LIMESTONEVILLE,
MONTOUR COUNTY, PA.
The public are desired to take particular notice, that the undersigned have just returned from the Eastern cities, with the
THIRD INSTALLMENT,
for the present fall and winter season, of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
SILKS,
CALICOES,
MUSLINS,
SHAWLS,
decidedly the largest, and best, and cheapest assortment of
READY MADE CLOTHING
ever brought into the region; and that backed up with the finest selection of the latest and most fashionable styles of
HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.
There is also connected with the store
MISS ELLEN DILDINE'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT,
where may be found a large and choice assortment of Millinery and fancy Goods, such as Hats and Caps, Dress trimming Flowers, Ruffings, Edgings, Ribbons, etc., and is prepared to cut, fit, and re-make, all kinds of Ladies' wear, with all the latest styles of Patterns etc.
Every body can be fitted and suited. Ladies and Gentlemen, boys and girls, can find the cheapest lot of goods they ever had the pleasure of looking through, at DILDINE & SMITH.
Nov. 22,67-tf.

CONFECTIONERY,
FRUIT, NUTS, &C., &C.
JACOBY & WIDMYER,
MANUFACTURERS,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
PLAIN AND FANCY CONFECTIONERY,
AND DEALERS IN
FOREIGN FRUITS AND NUTS.
Exchange Block, Bloomsburg, Pa.
ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS, PRUNES,
ROCK CANDY,
SEEDLESS RAISINS, LAYER RAISINS, CURRANTS,
CITRON, FIGS, DATES, &C.,
BREAD AND CAKES,
of all kinds.
CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!
CLEAR TOYS, FANCY TOYS,
FRENCH CANDIES,
of all kinds to suit the Christmas trade, on hand at wholesale or retail.
ENOS JACOBY,
FRED. E. WIDMYER.
Bloomsburg, Nov. 22, 1867.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.
Fresh arrival of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
DAVID LOWENBERG
Invites attention to his stock of
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,
at his store on
Main Street, two doors above the American House
Bloomsburg, Pa.,
where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome
DRESS GOODS,
consisting of
BOX, SACK, FROCK, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,
of all sorts, sizes, and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of
FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS,
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES
He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of
CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,
which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.
GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of
CLOTHING, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.
DAVID LOWENBURG.

J. B. PURSEL,
HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK MANUFACTURER,
and dealer in
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS,
BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS, &C.
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rates than any other person in the country. Examine for yourselves.
Shop first door below the Post Office Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Nov. 15, 1867.

BRICK HOTEL,
ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
ISRAEL MUMMA, PROPRIETOR.
Having taken possession of this well-known house, so long kept by Samuel Everett, the Proprietor has put it in permanent repair and furnished it FAR AND LARGE with the choicest liquors and newest delicacies. His stable is not excelled in the county; and no pains will be spared to accommodate guests. [apr6'67.

MISCELANEOUS.

THE WASHINGTON LIBRARY CO., PHILADELPHIA.
is chartered by the State of Pennsylvania, and organized in aid of the
RIVERSIDE INSTITUTE
FOR EDUCATING GRATUITOUSLY
SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' ORPHANS,
Incorporated by the State of N. J., April 8, 1867.
SUBSCRIPTION ONE DOLLAR.
THE WASHINGTON LIBRARY CO.
BY VIRTUE OF THEIR CHARTER,
AND IN
ACCORDANCE WITH ITS PROVISIONS,
will distribute
THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS
IN PRESENTS
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS,
On Wednesday, 8th of January, next,
AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
OR AT THE INSTITUTE, RIVERSIDE, N. J.

Schedule of Presents.

1 Present, worth		$10,000
1 Present, worth		5,000
1 Present worth		2,000
1 Present, worth		1,000
2 Presents, worth $2,500 each		5,000
1 Present, valued at		1,000
2 Presents, valued at $1,000 each		2,000
1 Present, valued at		1,000
4 Presents, valued at $500 each		2,000
2 Presents, valued at 300 each		600
3 Presents, valued at 300 each		900
20 Presents, valued at 500 each		10,000
10 Presents, valued at 300 each		3,000
3 Presents, valued at 250 each		750
20 Presents, valued at 225 each		4,500
55 Presents, valued at 200 each		11,000
90 Presents, valued at 75 each		6,750
100 Presents, valued at 100 each		10,000
20 Presents, valued at 75 each		1,500
10 Presents, valued at 50 each		500
The remaining Presents consist of articles of use and value, appertaining to the diffusion of Literature and Fine Arts,		82,000
		$200,000

Each certificate of Stock is accompanied with a BEAUTIFUL STEEL-PLATE ENGRAVING worth more at retail than the cost of Certificate, and also insures to the holder a Present in the Great Distribution.

SUBSCRIPTION ONE DOLLAR
Any person sending us One Dollar, or paying the same to our local agents, will receive immediately a fine Steel Plate engraving, at choice from the following list, and one certificate of stock, insuring one present in our GREAT DISTRIBUTION.
One Dollar Engravings.
No. 1—"My Child! My Child!" No. 2—"They're Saved! They're Saved!" No. 3—"Old Seventy-six; or the Early Days of the Revolution."
Any person paying two dollars will receive either of the following fine steel plates, at choice and two certificates of stock, thus becoming entitled to two presents.
Two Dollar Engravings.
No. 1—"Washington's Courtship." No. 2—"Washington's Last Interview with his Mother."
Three Dollar Engravings.
Any person paying three dollars will receive the beautiful steel plate of "Home from the War, and three certificates of stock, becoming entitled to three presents.
Four Dollar engravings.
Any person paying four dollars shall receive the large and beautiful steel plate of "The Perils of Our Forefathers," and four certificates of stock entitling them to four presents.
Five Dollar Engravings.
Any person who pays five dollars shall receive the large and splendid steel Plate of
"THE MARRIAGE OF POCAHONTAS,"
and Five Certificates of stock, entitling them to Five Presents.
The Engravings and Certificates will be delivered to each subscriber at our Local Agencies, or by express, as may be ordered.
HOW TO OBTAIN SHARES AND ENGRAVINGS.
Send orders to us by mail, enclosing from $1 to $20, either by Post Office orders or in a registered letter, at our risk. Larger amounts should be sent by draft or express.

10 shares with Engravings,	$5
25 shares with Engravings,	10
50 shares with Engravings,	20
75 shares with Engravings,	30
100 shares with Engravings,	40

Local AGENTS WANTED throughout the United States.
THE RIVERSIDE INSTITUTE,
Situate at Riverside, Burlington county, New Jersey, is founded for the purpose of gratuitously educating the sons of deceased Soldiers and Seamen of the United States.
The Board of Trustees consists of the following well-known citizens of Pennsylvania and New Jersey:
Hon. Wm. B. Mann, District Attorney, Philadelphia, Pa.
Hon. Lewis R. Broomall, Ex-Chief Coiner U. S. Mint, and Recorder of Deeds, Philadelphia.
Hon. James M. Scovel, New Jersey.
Hon. W. W. Ware, New Jersey.
Henry Gorman, Esq., Agent Adams' Express, Philadelphia, Pa.
J. E. Coe, Esq., of Joy, Coe & Co., Philadelphia.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 18, 1867.—Office of Internal Revenue:—Having received satisfactory evidence that the proceeds of the enterprise contracted by the Washington Library Company, will be devoted to charitable uses, permission is hereby granted said Company to conduct such enterprise exempt from all charge, whether from special tax or other duty.
E. A. ROLLINS, Commissioner.

The Association have appointed as Receivers Messrs. Geo. A. Cooke & Co., whose well-known integrity and business experience will be a sufficient guarantee that the money intrusted to them will be promptly applied to the purposes stated.
PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 20, 1867.
To the Officers and Members of the Washington Library Co., N. S. READ, Secretary.
Gentlemen:—On receipt of your favor of the 16th inst., notifying us of our appointment as Receivers for your Company, we took the liberty to submit a copy of your Charter, with a plan of your enterprise, to the highest legal authority of the State, and having received his favorable opinion in regard to its legality, and sympathizing with the benevolent object of your Association, viz: the promotion and maintenance of the orphan children of our soldiers and sailors at the Riverside Institute, we have concluded to accept the trust, and accordingly will direct our best efforts to promote your every interest.
Respectfully yours, &c.,
GEO. A. COOKE & CO.
Address all letters and orders to
GEO. A. COOKE & CO., BANKERS,
23 South Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Receivers for the Washington Library Co.
J. B. PURSEL,
Authorized Agent for Bloomsburg and vicinity.
Nov. 15, 1867.

NEW CABINET WARE HOUSE.
The undersigned takes this method to inform the public that he has opened a
NEW FURNITURE WARE HOUSE
in the Waller Brick Building, on Main Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
Which he has purchased and intends to keep permanently filled with Furniture of
CITY AND HOME MANUFACTURE.
IT COMPRISES OF
BED MATRESSES,
SOFAS, LOUNGES
MARBLE TOP CENTRE TABLES
CHAIRS—CUSHIONED, CANE BOTTOMED, AND WOOD BOTTOMED.
EXTENSION TABLES, LOOKING GLASSES
PARLOR, CHAMBER AND DINING ROOM FURNITURE.
In fact a full assortment of
READY-MADE COFFINS
of all sizes, and of
EVERYTHING IN THE LINE OF HIS TRADE
All of which will be sold
CHEAP FOR CASH.
The public are invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.
GEORGE W. CORELL.
Bloomsburg, August 16, 1867.

MERCHANDISE.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
To my friends and the public generally, that all kinds of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
NOTIONS, &C.,
are constantly on hand and for sale
AT BARTON'S OLD STAND,
BLOOMSBURG, BY
JAMES K. EYER.
☞Also, Sole Agent for ELLIS' PHOSPHATE OF LIME. Lime let constantly on hand. [feb6'67.

MERCHANT'S HOTEL,
48 NORTH FOURTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
J. & W. G. M'KIBBIN, Proprietors.
May 10, 1867-1y.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

L. N. MOYER'S

OLD ESTABLISHED DRUG STORE.
DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!!
THE most complete and carefully selected stock to be found in the county, consisting in part of
Drugs, Chemicals,
Paints, Oils,
Glass, Varnishes,
Putty, Brushes,
Dye Stuffs, Mixed Paints,
SYRUPS, ESSENCES, EXTRACTS, SPICES,
ESSENTIAL OILS,
Perfumery, Hair Dyes,
Fancy Soaps, Brushes,
Combs, Cosmetics,
Stationery, Pocket Books,
PEN KNIVES, PIPES, CIGARS, TOBACCO.
LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, SHADES, BURNERS,
Sponges, Chamois Skins,
Catheters, Speculums
Syringes, Breast Pumps,
Trusses of approved make,
A large assortment of choice Liquors for Medicinal purposes, together with the various
WELL KNOWN STOMACH BITTERS.
These with many other articles too numerous to specify form a stock which defies competition both as regards price and the quality of the goods.
PHYSICIANS PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED WITH THE UTMOST CARE AND DESPATCH.
Country dealers are invited to inspect the stock before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find it greatly to their advantage. Fresh goods are constantly being received from the city, and *can be obtained either by wholesale or retail.*
Remember the place—EXCHANGE BLOCK—above Exchange Hotel, Main street, Bloomsburg.
August 9, 1867.

J. R. MOYER,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
DRUGGIST,
CORNER OF MAIN AND MARKET STREETS,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
where will be found a large and select stock of Drugs,
MEDICINES AND CHEMICALS.
Also all the
PATENT MEDICINES OF THE DAY,
I am also prepared to furnish Country Stores with Castor Oil, Godfrey's Cordial,
TURLINGSTON'S BALSAM,
and all other medicines kept in their line at City prices.
☞Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.
In medicines, quality is of the first importance
Bloomsburg, June 7, 1867

E. EVERETT & DR. J. B. CASE'S
NEW DRUG STORE,
IN ORANGEVILLE,
JUST OPENED
WITH A SPLENDID AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF GOODS APPERTAINING TO THE DRUG BUSINESS.
PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ETC.,
ALWAYS ON HAND.
In short any article that can be named in the drug line can be had at their store. Dr. J. B. Case is a Practitioner, and also understands Pharmacy; E. Everett is a Medical Student, has attended one term at the Jefferson Medical College, and understands the compounding of Drugs.
They respectfully invite the patronage of their friends, and the public generally, assuring them SAFE, and whatever will be purchased of them will be fresh and pure. [apr26'67

THE GREAT
ZINGARI BITTERS
The component parts of this remarkable preparation were first discovered, compounded and distributed, some twenty years ago, by Dr. Conover, the celebrated Egyptian Physician. Thousands of his suffering countrymen were restored to health, as well as great numbers of the inhabitants of Nubia and Abyssinia, and of the countries bordering upon the Southern coast of the Mediterranean Sea.

Indeed, the fame of the ZINGARI BITTERS soon spread over Europe, and was adopted by the principal Physicians in charge of the hospitals of the world, to which it is still used with preeminent success. The Viceroy of Egypt placed the name of Dr. CONOVER upon the "Roll of Nobles," and presented to him a Medal bearing the following inscription: "Dr. CONOVER, the Public Benefactor." This Bitters is now offered to the people of America with the full assurance that it will be found, upon a fair trial, to act as a specific for the cure of
Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, Fever and Ague, Yellow Fever, Rheumatism, Typhoid Fever, Dyspepsia, Colic, Bronchitis, Consumption, Flatulency, Diseases of the Kidneys, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints.

Remarkable cures of the above diseases have been effected by its use, as numerous certificates, many from regular physicians, fully attest; and it is destined to supersede any preparation extant. As an agreeable Tonic, and an
INVIGORATING BEVERAGE,
IT HAS NO EQUAL.

THIS THE ZINGARI BITTERS HAS SOUL AS WELL AS BODY, AND AS A PREVENTIVE OF DISEASE, HAS NO SUPERIOR.
A FEW WORDS TO LADIES.—The use of the ZINGARI BITTERS will give to you that soft, semi-transparent complexion which the God of nature designing woman to be the loveliest of his works) fully intended that you should have—for it is nature's own powder and paint combined. By purifying the blood, stimulating the pigmentary cells of the dermis, and imparting health and life throughout the entire system, it especially gives that smooth clearness and beauty to the complexion so much to be desired—removing all roughness, blotches, freckles, pimples, and that yellow, sickly look so common in our day; and what is even better than this, it cures every species of female irregularities and diseases
Principal Depot, Harrisburg, Pa.
RAHTER & HAUSE,
SOLE PROPRIETORS
☞For sale by L. N. MOYER, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Bloomsburg, Pa. [12'6'67-6m.

JOHN C. YEAGER & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, AND LADIES' FURS,
No. 257 North Third Street,
Philadelphia.

I. H. WALTER,
Late Walter & Kamb,
Importer and Dealer in
CHINA, GLASS, AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 234 North Third Street,
between Race and Vine
Philadelphia.

THE KEYSTONE CLOVER SEED STRIPPER.
PATENTED OCTOBER 2, 1866.
This simple, though effective machine is admitted by all scientific observers to be the most direct device for gathering clover seed yet discovered.
A mere glance at it is sufficient to convince the most obtuse mind of its practical utility.
It strips the clover head from the stalk leaving the straw standing upon the ground. It is easily drawn by one horse, and requires but one man or boy to work it.
It is compact, simple in structure, and not liable to get out of order, and can be cheaply got up. The great advantage in this machine is, we have the seed gathered in the chaff, ready for the clover mill or huller, besides saving the great length of time and labor of mowing, handling and threshing it from the straw. It will also pay every farmer to gather his seed with this machine, on account of the saving of the seed which is lost in the old way of gathering it.
Extraordinary inducements offered to energetic men who wish to purchase State or county Rights
For particulars address
WERTMAN & REINBOLD,
CENTRALIA,
jan25'67.] Columbia County, Pa.

To Hotel and Saloon keepers of Bloomsburg and Columbia County.—I have appointed Mr. B. Stohner agent for the sale of my ale, porter brown stout, and lager beer, who will supply you at the same price (and with the same article), as I would furnish you from the brewery. Knowing that he will be punctual and attentive to all who may favor him with their trade, I solicit for him your support. Very respectfully,
FRED LAUER,
Steam Brewery, Reading, Pa.

☞FOR NEAT AND CHEAP JOB PRINTING, CALL AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

DRY GOODS.

HURRAH FOR CATAWISSA!
THIS WAY FOR BARGAINS.
Goods to compare with stringency of the money market. Look and compare prices before purchasing elsewhere. Just call at the favorite business stand of
McNINCH & SHUMAN,
and you will be met by the obliging proprietors or their clerks, and shown through their great variety store free of charge, of course. They will give you a fair chance to spend your loose change, they trust much more profitably than it can be spent elsewhere. Their
STOCK OF DRY GOODS
this Spring is much larger in all its varieties than usual. Their
LADIES' DRESS GOODS
are of the nicest styles in market. They have a fine assortment of
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,
SUMMER CLOTHS, CASSINETS,
CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS,
and numerous articles common to such establishments, besides a general assortment of
HARDWARE, TINWARE, QUEENSWARE,
AND GROCERIES,
all at greatly reduced prices. They wish to conduct their business on the system of
"PAY AS YOU GO,"
and they think they can afford to sell very cheap. They return their thanks for many past favors, and ask the future patronage of their former customers and the public generally.
McNINCH & SHUMAN.

ARMBRUSTER & BROTHER,
Importers and Jobbers of
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
BUTTONS, SUSPENDERS,
HOOP SKIRTS, HANDKERCHIEFS,
THREADS, SEWING SILKS,
TRIMMINGS, PORTE MONNAIES,
SOAPS, PERFUMERY, FANCY GOODS,
NOTIONS GENERALLY,
Also Manufacturers of
BRUSHES AND LOOKING GLASSES,
and Dealers in
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
BROOMS, ROPES, TWINES, &c.,
No. 306 North Third Street, above Vine,
Philadelphia.

M. M. MARPLE,
NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, AND FANCY GOODS,
No. 53 North Third Street,
Philadelphia.

ANDREWS, WILKINS & CO.,
Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
No. 30 Market Street,
Philadelphia.

JOSEPH S. DELL,
Manufacturer of and Wholesale Dealer in
CLOTHING, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
No. 43 North Third Street,
Philadelphia.

GROCERIES, &c.,

REMOVAL OF
C. C. MARR'S
NEW STORE
TO SHIVE'S BLOCK,
ON THE CORNER OF MARKET AND IRON STREETS.
The undersigned having received from the city a full and complete supply of
SPRING AND SUMMER
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
NOTIONS,
TIN-WARE AND HARD-WARE,
CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,
CONFECTIONERY, GLASS-WARE,
TOBACCO,
HATS AND SHOES,
FLOUR, SALT, FISH, AND MEAT.
all of which I propose selling at a very low figure for cash or produce.
☞Call and see.
April 12, 1867. C. C. MARR.

BERNARD STOHNER,
would respectfully announce to his friends and patrons, that he has opened a first-class
FRUIT & CONFECTIONERY STORE
where there may be found at all times, a fine collection of
FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY, NUTS, &c.,
as well as
FINE GROCERIES,
which may be obtained at reasonable rates. The stock is always fresh and of the very best quality. No pains will be spared to make this establishment the finest of its kind in town. A call is solicited before purchases are made elsewhere, as it is believed that perfect satisfaction will be given. COLUMBIA HOUSE,
Main st., opposite Miller's Store,
aug30 67.] Bloomsburg, Pa.

SCHELL, BERGER & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Dealers in
FISH, SALT, CHEESE, PROVISIONS, &c.,
Nos. 122 and 124 North Wharves, above Arch St.,
Philadelphia.
Sole agents for Wilson's Wheel Grease, in barrels, kegs, and cans.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, RICE, SPICES, SAL SODA, &C., &C.
☞Orders will receive prompt attention.
May 10, 1867-1y.

ESTABLISHED 1763.
JORDAN & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
and Dealers in
SALTPETRE AND BRIMSTONE,
No. 39 North Third Street,
Philadelphia.

H. V. PETERMAN,
with LIPPINCOTT & TROTTER,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 21 North Water Street,
and No. 20 North Delaware Avenue
Philadelphia.

JOHN STROUP & CO.,
Successors to Stroup & Brother,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH,
No. 24 North Wharves, and 15 North Water St.,
Philadelphia.

ROWE, EUSTON & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
COTTON YARNS, CARPET CHAINS,
BATTS, WICKS, TIE YARNS, CORDAGE,
BROOMS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
LOOKING GLASSES, CLOCKS, FANCY BASKETS
TABLE, FLOOR, AND CARRIAGE
OIL CLOTHS, &c.,
No. 530 Market Street, south side,
Philadelphia.

GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,
GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,
GROVENSTEE'S PIANOS,
649 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
649 Broadway, New York,
649 Broadway, New York,
Are unrivalled for Durability, Power and Evenness of Tone. They are fast becoming the favorite over all others, with Musicians, Amateurs and all lovers of Good Music. They are warranted in every respect. Prices one-third lower than other first-class makers. Send for Circular.
GROVESTEEN & CO.,
649 Broadway, New York.
Oct. 25, 1867-3m.

SUSQUEHANNA HOTEL,
Catawissa, Pa.
The above Hotel has lately been purchased by HENRY J. CLARK, and has been thoroughly remodelled, repaired, and refurnished. It will be found now, in its